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# Manticore Documentation

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**Trail of Bits**

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Manticore is a symbolic execution tool for analysis of binaries and smart contracts.



## PROPERTY BASED SYMBOLIC EXECUTOR: MANTICORE-VERIFIER

Manticore installs a separated CLI tool to do property based symbolic execution of smart contracts.

```
$ manticore-verifier your_contract.sol
```

**manticore-verifier** initializes an emulated blockchain environment with a configurable set of accounts and then sends various symbolic transactions to the target contract containing property methods. If a way to break a property is found the full transaction trace to reproduce the behavior is provided. A configurable stopping condition bounds the exploration, properties not failing are considered to pass.

### 1.1 Writing properties in {Solidity/ Vyper}

**manticore-verifier** will detect and test property methods written in the original contract language. A property can be written in the original language by simply naming a method in a specific way. For example methods names starting with ``cryptic_``.

```
function cryptic_test_true_property() view public returns (bool){  
    return true;  
}
```

You can select your own way to name property methods using the `--propre` commandline argument.

```
--propre PROPRE      A regular expression for selecting properties
```

#### 1.1.1 Normal properties

In the most common case after some precondition is met some logic property must always be true. Normal properties are property methods that must always return true (or REVERT).

#### 1.1.2 Reverting properties

Sometimes it is difficult to detect that a revert has happened in an internal transaction. **manticore-verifier** allows to test for ALWAYS REVERTing property methods. Revert properties are property methods that must always REVERT. Reverting property are any property method that contains “revert”. For example:

```
function cryptic_test_must_always_revert() view public returns (bool){  
    return true;  
}
```





## SELECTING A TARGET CONTRACT

**manticore-verifier** needs to be pointed to a the target contract containing any number of property methods. The target contract is the entry point of the exploration. It needs to initilize any internal structure or external contracts to a correct initial state. All methods of this contract matching the property name criteria will be tested.

```
--contract_name CONTRACT_NAME The target contract name defined in the source code
```



## USER ACCOUNTS

You can specify what are the accounts used in the exploration. Normally you do not want the owner or deployer of the contract to send the symbolic transaction and to use a separate unused account to actually check the property methods. There are 3 types of user accounts:

- **deployer**: The account used to create the target contract
- **senders**: A set of accounts used to send symbolic transactions. Think that these transactions are the ones trying to put the contract in a state that makes the property fail.
- **psender**: The account used as caller to test the actual property methods

You can specify those via command line arguments

<code>--deployer DEPLOYER</code>	(optional) address of account used to deploy the contract
<code>--senders SENDERS</code>	(optional) a comma separated <b>list</b> of sender addresses. The properties are going to be tested sending transactions <b>from these</b> addresses.
<code>--psender PSENDER</code>	(optional) address <b>from where</b> the <b>property is</b> tested

Or, if you prefer, you can specify a yaml file like this

<code>deployer: "0x414141414141414141414141"</code>
<code>sender: ["0x515151515151515151515151", "0x525252525252525252525252"]</code>
<code>psender: "0x616161616161616161616161"</code>

If you specify the accounts both ways the commandline takes precedence over the yaml file. If you do not provide specific accounts **manticore-verifier** will choose them for you.



## STOPPING CONDITION

The exploration will continue to send symbolic transactions until one of the stopping criteria is met.

### 4.1 Maximum number of transactions

You can be interested only in what could happen under a number of transactions. After a maximum number of transactions is reached the exploration ends. Properties that had not been found to be breakable are considered a pass. You can modify the max number of transactions to test via a command line argument, otherwise it will stop at 3 transactions.

<code>--maxt MAXT</code>	Max transaction count to explore
--------------------------	----------------------------------

### 4.2 Maximum coverage % attained

By default, if a transaction does not produce new coverage, the exploration is stopped. But you can add a further constraint so that if the provided coverage percentage is obtained, stop. Note that this is the total % of runtime bytecode covered. By default, compilers add dead code, and also in this case the runtime contains the code of the properties methods. So use with care.

<code>--maxcov MAXCOV</code>	Stop after maxcov % coverage <b>is</b> obtained <b>in</b> the main contract
------------------------------	---

### 4.3 Timeout

Exploration will stop after the timeout seconds have passed.

<code>--timeout TIMEOUT</code>	Exploration timeout <b>in</b> seconds
--------------------------------	---------------------------------------

## 4.4 Walkthrough

Consider this little contract containing a bug:

```
contract Ownership{ // It can have an owner!
    address owner = msg.sender;
    function Onwer() public{
        owner = msg.sender;
    }
    modifier isOwner(){
        require(owner == msg.sender);
        -;
    }
}
contract Pausable is Ownership{ //It is also pausable. You can pause it. You can resume_
↪it.
    bool is_paused;
    modifier ifNotPaused(){
        require(!is_paused);
        -;
    }
    function paused() isOwner public{
        is_paused = true;
    }
    function resume() isOwner public{
        is_paused = false;
    }
}
contract Token is Pausable{ //< HERE it is.
    mapping(address => uint) public balances; // It maintains a balance sheet
    function transfer(address to, uint value) ifNotPaused public{ //and can transfer_
↪value
        balances[msg.sender] -= value; // from one account
        balances[to] += value;         // to the other
    }
}
```

Assuming the programmer did not want to allow the magic creation of tokens. We can design a property around the fact that the initial token count can not be increased over time. Even more relaxed, after the contract creation any account must have less that total count of tokens. The property looks like this :

```
contract TestToken is Token{
    constructor() public{
        //here lets initialize the thing
        balances[msg.sender] = 10000; //deployer account owns it all!
    }

    function crytic_test_balance() view public returns (bool){
        return balances[msg.sender] <= 10000; //nobody can have more than 100%_
↪of the tokens
    }
}
```

And you can unleash the verifier like this:

```
$manticore-verifier testtoken.sol --contract TestToken
```

f/





## MANTICOREBASE

```
class manticore.core.manticore.ManticoreBase(initial_state, workspace_url=None,
                                             outputspace_url=None, introspection_plugin_type: type = <class
                                             'manticore.core.plugin.IntrospectionAPIPlugin'>,
                                             **kwargs)
```

```
__init__(initial_state, workspace_url=None, outputspace_url=None, introspection_plugin_type: type =
         <class 'manticore.core.plugin.IntrospectionAPIPlugin'>, **kwargs)
```

Manticore symbolically explores program states.

### Manticore phases

Manticore has multiprocessing capabilities. Several worker processes could be registered to do concurrent exploration of the READY states. Manticore can be itself at different phases: STANDBY, RUNNING.

+-----+	+-----+
----->  STANDBY	+<----->+ RUNNING
+-----+	+-----+

#### Phase STANDBY

Manticore starts at STANDBY with a single initial state. Here the user can inspect, modify and generate testcases for the different states. The workers are paused and not doing any work. Actions: run()

#### Phase RUNNING

At RUNNING the workers consume states from the READY state list and potentially fork new states or terminate states. A RUNNING manticore can be stopped back to STANDBY. Actions: stop()

### States and state lists

A state contains all the information of the running program at a given moment. State snapshots are saved to the workspace often. Internally Manticore associates a fresh id with each saved state. The memory copy of the state is then changed by the emulation of the specific arch. Stored snapshots are periodically updated using: `_save()` and `_load()`.

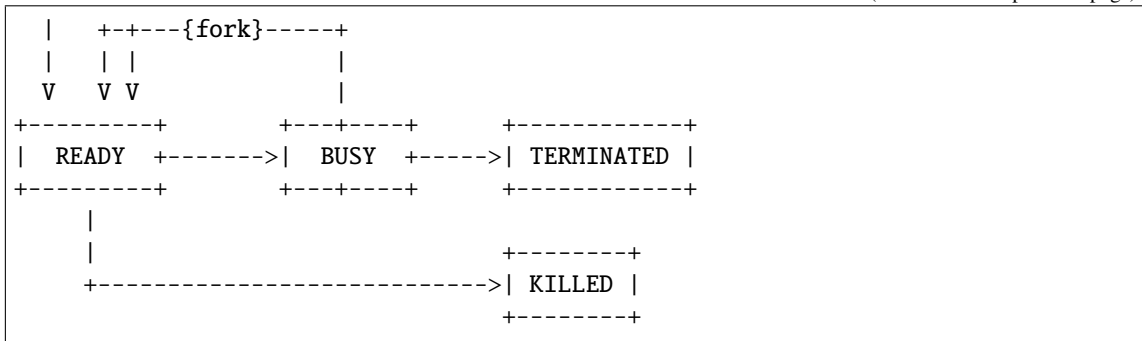
_save	+-----+	_load
State +----->	WORKSPACE	+-----> State
	+-----+	

During exploration Manticore spawns a number of temporary states that are maintained in different lists:

Initial State
------------------

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At any given time a state must be at the READY, BUSY, TERMINATED or KILLED list.

#### State list: *READY*

The READY list holds all the runnable states. Internally a state is added to the READY list via method `_put_state(state)`. Workers take states from the READY list via the `_get_state(wait=True|False)` method. A worker mainloop will consume states from the READY list and mark them as BUSY while working on them. States in the READY list can go to BUSY or KILLED

#### State list: *BUSY*

When a state is selected for exploration from the READY list it is marked as busy and put in the BUSY list. States being explored will be constantly modified and only saved back to storage when moved out of the BUSY list. Hence, when at BUSY the stored copy of the state will be potentially outdated. States in the BUSY list can go to TERMINATED, KILLED or they can be {forked} back to READY. The forking process could involve generating new child states and removing the parent from all the lists.

#### State list: *TERMINATED*

TERMINATED contains states that have reached a final condition and raised `TerminateState`. Worker's mainloop simply moves the states that requested termination to the TERMINATED list. This is a final list.

`An inherited Manticore class like `ManticoreEVM` could internally revive the states in TERMINATED that pass some condition and move them back to READY so the user can apply a following transaction.`

#### State list: *KILLED*

KILLED contains all the READY and BUSY states found at a cancel event. Manticore supports interactive analysis and has a prominent event system. A user can stop or cancel the exploration at any time. The unfinished states caught in this situation are simply moved to their own list for further user action. This is a final list.

#### Parameters

- **initial\_state** – the initial root *State* object to start from
- **workspace\_url** – workspace folder name
- **outputspace\_url** – Folder to place final output. Defaults to workspace
- **kwargs** – other kwargs, e.g.

**at\_not\_running()** → Callable

Allows the decorated method to run only when manticore is NOT exploring states

**at\_running()** → Callable

Allows the decorated method to run only when manticore is actively exploring states

**clear\_ready\_states()**

Remove all states from the ready list

**clear\_snapshot()**

Remove any saved states

**clear\_terminated\_states()**

Remove all states from the terminated list

**property context**

Convenient access to shared context. We maintain a local copy of the share context during the time manticore is not running. This local context is copied to the shared context when a run starts and copied back when a run finishes

**count\_all\_states()**

Total states count

**count\_states()**

Total states count

**finalize()**

Generate a report testcase for every state in the system and remove all temporary files/streams from the workspace

**classmethod from\_saved\_state(filename: str, \*args, \*\*kwargs)**

Creates a Manticore object starting from a serialized state on the disk.

**Parameters**

- **filename** – File to load the state from
- **args** – Arguments forwarded to the Manticore object
- **kwargs** – Keyword args forwarded to the Manticore object

**Returns** An instance of a subclass of ManticoreBase with the given initial state

**goto\_snapshot()**

REMOVE current ready states and replace them with the saved states in a snapshot

**introspect()** → Dict[int, [manticore.core.plugin.StateDescriptor](#)]

Allows callers to view descriptors for each state

**Returns** the latest copy of the State Descriptor dict

**is\_killed()**

True if workers are killed. It is safe to join them

**is\_main()**

True if called from the main process/script Note: in “single” mode this is `_most likely_` True

**is\_running()**

True if workers are exploring BUSY states or waiting for READY states

**kill()**

Attempt to cancel and kill all the workers. Workers must terminate RUNNING, STANDBY -> KILLED

**kill\_state(state: Union[[manticore.core.state.StateBase](#), int], delete: bool = False)**

**Kill a state.** A state is moved from any list to the kill list or fully removed from secondary storage

**Parameters**

- **state** – a state

- **delete** – if true remove the state from the secondary storage

**kill\_timeout**(*timeout=None*)

A convenient context manager that will kill a manticore run after timeout seconds

**locked\_context**(*key=None, value\_type=<class 'list'>*)

A context manager that provides safe parallel access to the global Manticore context. This should be used to access the global Manticore context when parallel analysis is activated. Code within the *with* block is executed atomically, so access of shared variables should occur within.

Example use:

```
with m.locked_context() as context:
    visited['visited'].append(state.cpu.PC)
```

Optionally, parameters can specify a key and type for the object paired to this key.:

```
with m.locked_context('feature_list', list) as feature_list:
    feature_list.append(1)
```

Note: If standard (non-proxy) list or dict objects are contained in a referent, modifications to those mutable values will not be propagated through the manager because the proxy has no way of knowing when the values contained within are modified. However, storing a value in a container proxy (which triggers a `__setitem__` on the proxy object) does propagate through the manager and so to effectively modify such an item, one could re-assign the modified value to the container proxy:

#### Parameters

- **key** (*object*) – Storage key
- **value\_type** (*list or dict or set*) – type of value associated with key

**only\_from\_main\_script**() → Callable

Allows the decorated method to run only from the main manticore script

**pretty\_print\_states**(*\*args*)

Calls `pretty_print_state_descriptors` on the current set of state descriptors

**register\_daemon**(*callback: Callable*)

Allows the user to register a function that will be called at `ManticoreBase.run()` and can run in the background. Infinite loops are acceptable as it will be killed when Manticore exits. The provided function is passed a thread as an argument, with the current Manticore object available as `thread.manticore`.

**Parameters** **callback** – function to be called

**remove\_all**()

Deletes all streams from storage and clean state lists

**run**()

Runs analysis.

**subscribe**(*name, callback*)

Register a callback to an event

**sync**() → Callable

Synchronization decorator

**take\_snapshot**()

Copy/Duplicate/backup all ready states and save it in a snapshot. If there is a snapshot already saved it will be overwritten

**unregister\_plugin**(*plugin*: *Union[str, manticore.core.plugin.Plugin]*)

Removes a plugin from manticore. No events should be sent to it after

**static verbosity**(*level*)

Sets global verbosity level. This will activate different logging profiles globally depending on the provided numeric value

**wait**(*condition*)

Waits for the condition callable to return True

**wait\_for\_log\_purge**()

If a client has accessed the log server, and there are still buffered logs, waits up to 2 seconds for the client to retrieve the logs.



## WORKERS

```
class manticore.core.worker.Worker(*, id, manticore, single=False)
```

A Manticore Worker. This will run forever potentially in a different process. Normally it will be spawned at Manticore constructor and will stay alive until killed. A Worker can be in 3 phases: STANDBY, RUNNING, KILLED. And will react to different events: start, stop, kill. The events are transmitted via 2 conditional variable: m.\_killed and m.\_started.

```
STANDBY:   Waiting for the start event
RUNNING:   Exploring and spawning states until no more READY states or
the cancel event is received
KILLED:    This is the end. No more manticoring in this worker process
```

```

+-----+ +-----+
+--->+ STANDBY +<--->+ RUNNING |
+-----+ +-----+
|               |
|               |
+-----+ KILLED <-----+
+-----+
|
#
```

```
join()
```

```
run(*args)
```

```
start()
```

```
manticore.core.worker
```

alias of <module 'manticore.core.worker' from '/home/docs/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user\_builds/manticore/envs/stable/lib/python3.7/site-packages/manticore-0.3.7-py3.7.egg/manticore/core/worker.py'>





## 7.1 Accessing

```
class manticore.core.manticore.ManticoreBase(initial_state, workspace_url=None,
                                              outputspace_url=None, introspection_plugin_type: type
                                              = <class
                                              'manticore.core.plugin.IntrospectionAPIPlugin'>,
                                              **kwargs)
```

**property all\_states**

Iterates over the all states (ready and terminated) It holds a lock so no changes state lists are allowed

Notably the cancelled states are not included here.

See also *ready\_states*.

**count\_busy\_states()**

Busy states count

**count\_killed\_states()**

Cancelled states count

**count\_ready\_states()**

Ready states count

**count\_terminated\_states()**

Terminated states count

**property killed\_states**

Iterates over the cancelled/killed states.

See also *ready\_states*.

**property ready\_states**

Iterator over ready states. It supports state changes. State changes will be saved back at each iteration.

The state data change must be done in a loop, e.g. *for state in ready\_states: ...* as we re-save the state when the generator comes back to the function.

This means it is not possible to change the state used by Manticore with *states = list(m.ready\_states)*.

**property terminated\_states**

Iterates over the terminated states.

See also *ready\_states*.

## 7.2 Operations

**class** `manticore.core.state.StateBase`(*constraints*, *platform*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Representation of a unique program state/path.

**Parameters**

- **constraints** (*ConstraintSet*) – Initial constraints
- **platform** (*Platform*) – Initial operating system state

**Variables** **context** (*dict*) – Local context for arbitrary data storage

**abandon**()

Abandon the currently-active state.

Note: This must be called from the Executor loop, or a `hook()`.

**can\_be\_false**(*expr*)

**can\_be\_true**(*expr*)

**concretize**(*symbolic*, *policy*, *maxcount*=7, *explicit\_values*: *Optional[List[Any]]* = None)

This finds a set of solutions for symbolic using policy.

This limits the number of solutions returned to *maxcount* to avoid a blowup in the state space. **This means that if there are more than `maxcount` feasible solutions, some states will be silently ignored.**

**constrain**(*constraint*)

Constrain state.

**Parameters** **constraint** (*manticore.core.smtlib.Bool*) – Constraint to add

**property constraints**

**property context**

**execute**()

**property id**

**property input\_symbols**

**is\_feasible**()

**migrate\_expression**(*expression*)

**must\_be\_true**(*expr*)

**new\_symbolic\_buffer**(*nbytes*, *\*\*options*)

Create and return a symbolic buffer of length *nbytes*. The buffer is not written into State's memory; write it to the state's memory to introduce it into the program state.

**Parameters**

- **nbytes** (*int*) – Length of the new buffer
- **label** (*str*) – (keyword arg only) The label to assign to the buffer
- **cstring** (*bool*) – (keyword arg only) Whether or not to enforce that the buffer is a cstring (i.e. no NULL bytes, except for the last byte). (*bool*)
- **taint** (*tuple or frozenset*) – Taint identifier of the new buffer

**Returns** Expression representing the buffer.

**new\_symbolic\_value**(*nbits*, *label=None*, *taint=frozenset({})*)

Create and return a symbolic value that is *nbits* bits wide. Assign the value to a register or write it into the address space to introduce it into the program state.

**Parameters**

- **nbits** (*int*) – The bitwidth of the value returned
- **label** (*str*) – The label to assign to the value
- **taint** (*tuple or frozenset*) – Taint identifier of this value

**Returns** Expression representing the value

**property platform**

**solve\_buffer**(*addr*, *nbytes*, *constrain=False*)

Reads *nbytes* of symbolic data from a buffer in memory at *addr* and attempts to concretize it

**Parameters**

- **address** (*int*) – Address of buffer to concretize
- **nbytes** (*int*) – Size of buffer to concretize
- **constrain** (*bool*) – If True, constrain the buffer to the concretized value

**Returns** Concrete contents of buffer

**Return type** list[int]

**solve\_max**(*expr*)

Solves a symbolic Expression into its maximum solution

**Parameters** **expr** (*manticore.core.smtlib.Expression*) – Symbolic value to solve

**Returns** Concrete value

**Return type** list[int]

**solve\_min**(*expr*)

Solves a symbolic Expression into its minimum solution

**Parameters** **expr** (*manticore.core.smtlib.Expression*) – Symbolic value to solve

**Returns** Concrete value

**Return type** list[int]

**solve\_minmax**(*expr*)

Solves a symbolic Expression into its minimum and maximum solution. Only defined for bitvectors.

**Parameters** **expr** (*manticore.core.smtlib.Expression*) – Symbolic value to solve

**Returns** Concrete value

**Return type** list[int]

**solve\_n**(*expr*, *nsolves*)

Concretize a symbolic Expression into *nsolves* solutions.

**Parameters** **expr** (*manticore.core.smtlib.Expression*) – Symbolic value to concretize

**Returns** Concrete value

**Return type** list[int]

**solve\_one**(*expr*, *constrain=False*)

A version of `solve_n` for a single expression. See `solve_one_n`.

**solve\_one\_n**(\**exprs*: *manticore.core.smtlib.expression.Expression*, *constrain*: *bool* = *False*) → List[int]  
Concretize a list of symbolic **Expression** into a list of solutions.

**Parameters**

- **exprs** – An iterable of *manticore.core.smtlib.Expression*
- **constrain** (*bool*) – If True, constrain expr to solved solution value

**Returns** List of concrete value or a tuple of concrete values

**solve\_one\_n\_batched**(*exprs*: *Sequence[manticore.core.smtlib.expression.Expression]*, *constrain*: *bool* = *False*) → List[int]

Concretize a list of symbolic **Expression** into a list of solutions. :param *exprs*: An iterable of *manticore.core.smtlib.Expression* :param *bool* *constrain*: If True, constrain expr to solved solution value :return: List of concrete value or a tuple of concrete values

**symbolicate\_buffer**(*data*, *label*='INPUT', *wildcard*='+', *string*=*False*, *taint*=*frozenset({})*)

Mark parts of a buffer as symbolic (demarked by the wildcard byte)

**Parameters**

- **data** (*str*) – The string to symbolicate. If no wildcard bytes are provided, this is the identity function on the first argument.
- **label** (*str*) – The label to assign to the value
- **wildcard** (*str*) – The byte that is considered a wildcard
- **string** (*bool*) – Ensure bytes returned can not be NULL
- **taint** (*tuple or frozenset*) – Taint identifier of the symbolicated data

**Returns** If data does not contain any wildcard bytes, data itself. Otherwise, a list of values derived from data. Non-wildcard bytes are kept as is, wildcard bytes are replaced by **Expression** objects.

## 7.3 Inspecting

```
class manticore.core.plugin.StateDescriptor(state_id: int, state_list:
Optional[manticore.utils.enums.StateLists] = None,
children: set = <factory>, parent: Optional[int] = None,
last_update: datetime.datetime = <factory>,
last_intermittent_update: Optional[datetime.datetime] =
None, created_at: datetime.datetime = <factory>, status:
manticore.utils.enums.StateStatus =
StateStatus.waiting_for_worker, _old_status:
Optional[manticore.utils.enums.StateStatus] = None,
total_execs: Optional[int] = None, own_execs:
Optional[int] = None, pc: Optional[Any] = None, last_pc:
Optional[Any] = None, field_updated_at: Dict[str,
datetime.datetime] = <factory>, termination_msg:
Optional[str] = None)
```

Dataclass that tracks information about a State.

**children:** set

State IDs of any states that forked from this one

**created\_at:** `datetime.datetime`

The time at which this state was created (or first detected, if the `did_enqueue` callback didn't fire for some reason)

**field\_updated\_at:** `Dict[str, datetime.datetime]`

Dict mapping field names to the time that field was last updated

**last\_intermittent\_update:** `Optional[datetime.datetime] = None`

The time at which the `on_execution_intermittent` callback was last applied to this state. This is when the PC and exec count get updated.

**last\_pc:** `Optional[Any] = None`

Last concrete program counter, useful when a state forks and the program counter becomes symbolic

**last\_update:** `datetime.datetime`

The time that any field of this Descriptor was last updated

**own\_execs:** `Optional[int] = None`

Number of executions that took place in this state alone, excluding its parents

**parent:** `Optional[int] = None`

State ID of zero or one forked state that created this one

**pc:** `Optional[Any] = None`

Last program counter (if set)

**state\_id:** `int`

State ID Number

**state\_list:** `Optional[manticore.utils.enums.StateLists] = None`

Which State List the state currently resides in (or None if it's been removed entirely)

**status:** `manticore.utils.enums.StateStatus = 'waiting_for_worker'`

What the state is currently doing (ie waiting for a worker, running, solving, etc.) See `enums.StateStatus`

**termination\_msg:** `Optional[str] = None`

Message attached to the `TerminateState` exception that ended this state

**total\_execs:** `Optional[int] = None`

Total number of instruction executions in this state, including those in its parents



## 8.1 ABI

### `class manticore.ethereum.ABI`

This class contains methods to handle the ABI. The Application Binary Interface is the standard way to interact with contracts in the Ethereum ecosystem, both from outside the blockchain and for contract-to-contract interaction.

**static deserialize**(*type\_spec, data*)

**static function\_call**(*type\_spec, \*args*)

Build transaction data from function signature and arguments

**static function\_selector**(*method\_name\_and\_signature*)

Makes a function hash id from a method signature

**static serialize**(*ty, \*values, \*\*kwargs*)

Serialize value using type specification in ty. `ABI.serialize('int256', 1000)` `ABI.serialize('(int, int256)', 1000, 2000)`

## 8.2 Manager

### `class manticore.ethereum.ManticoreEVM(plugins=None, **kwargs)`

Manticore EVM manager

Usage Ex:

```
from manticore.ethereum import ManticoreEVM, ABI
m = ManticoreEVM()
#And now make the contract account to analyze
source_code = '''
    pragma solidity ^0.4.15;
    contract AnInt {
        uint private i=0;
        function set(uint value){
            i=value
        }
    }
'''
#Initialize user and contracts
user_account = m.create_account(balance=1000)
```

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```
contract_account = m.solidity_create_contract(source_code, owner=user_account,
↳ balance=0)
contract_account.set(12345, value=100)

m.finalize()
```

**account\_name**(*address*)

property accounts

**property** all\_sound\_states

Iterator over all sound states. This tries to solve any symbolic imprecision added by `unsound_symbolication` and then iterates over the resultant set.

This is the recommended to iterate over resultant steas after an exploration that included unsound symbol-ication

```
property completed_transactions
```

**constrain**(*constraint*)

property contract\_accounts

```
create_account(balance=0, address=None, code=None, name=None, nonce=None)
```

Low level creates an account. This won't generate a transaction.

## Parameters

- **balance** (*int or BitVecVariable*) – balance to be set on creation (optional)
- **address** (*int*) – the address for the new account (optional)
- **code** – the runtime code for the new account (None means normal account), str or bytes (optional)
- **nonce** – force a specific nonce
- **name** – a global account name eg. for use as reference in the reports (optional)

### Returns an EVMAccount

```
create_contract(owner, balance=0, address=None, init=None, name=None, gas=None)
```

Creates a contract

## Parameters

- **owner** (*int* or *EVMAccount*) – owner account (will be default caller in any transactions)
- **balance** (*int* or *BitVecVariable*) – balance to be transferred on creation
- **address** (*int*) – the address for the new contract (optional)
- **init** (*str*) – initializing evm bytecode and arguments
- **name** (*str*) – a unique name for reference
- **gas** – gas budget for the creation/initialization of the contract

**Return type** EVMAccount

**current\_location**(*state*)

**end\_block()**



**finalize**(*procs=None, only\_alive\_states=False*)

Terminate and generate testcases for all currently alive states (contract states that cleanly executed to a STOP or RETURN in the last symbolic transaction).

#### Parameters

- **procs** – force the number of local processes to use in the reporting
- **only\_alive\_states** (*bool*) – if True, killed states (revert/throw/txerror) do not generate testcases

generation. Uses global configuration constant by default

**fix\_unsound\_all**(*procs=None*)

**Parameters** **procs** – force the number of local processes to use

**fix\_unsound\_symbolication**(*state*)

**fix\_unsound\_symbolication\_fake**(*state*)

This method goes through all the applied symbolic functions and tries to find a concrete matching set of pairs

**fix\_unsound\_symbolication\_sound**(*state*)

This method goes through all the applied symbolic functions and tries to find a concrete matching set of pairs

**generate\_testcase**(*state, message="", only\_if=None, name='user'*)

The *only\_if* parameter should be a symbolic expression. If this argument is provided, and the expression *can be true* in this state, a testcase is generated such that the expression will be true in the state. If it is *impossible* for the expression to be true in the state, a testcase is not generated.

This is useful for conveniently checking a particular invariant in a state, and generating a testcase if the invariant can be violated.

For example, invariant: “balance” must not be 0. We can check if this can be violated and generate a testcase:

```
m.generate_testcase(state, 'balance CAN be 0', only_if=balance == 0)
# testcase generated with an input that will violate invariant (make balance == 0)
```

**get\_account**(*name*)

**get\_balance**(*address, state\_id=None*)

Balance for account *address* on state *state\_id*

**get\_code**(*address, state\_id=None*)

Storage data for *offset* on account *address* on state *state\_id*

**get\_metadata**(*address*) → Optional[manticore.ethereum.solidity.SolidityMetadata]

Gets the solidity metadata for address. This is available only if address is a contract created from solidity

**get\_nonce**(*address*)

**get\_storage\_data**(*address, offset, state\_id=None*)

Storage data for *offset* on account *address* on state *state\_id*

**get\_world**(*state\_id=None*)

Returns the evm world of *state\_id* state.

**global\_coverage**(*account*)

Returns code coverage for the contract on *account\_address*. This sums up all the visited code lines from any of the explored states.

**property global\_findings**

**human\_transactions**(*state\_id=None*)

Transactions list for state *state\_id*

**last\_return**(*state\_id=None*)

Last returned buffer for state *state\_id*

**make\_symbolic\_address**(\**accounts*, *name=None*, *select='both'*)

Creates a symbolic address and constrains it to pre-existing addresses or the 0 address.

**Parameters**

- **name** – Name of the symbolic variable. Defaults to ‘TXADDR’ and later to ‘TX-ADDR\_<number>’
- **select** – Whether to select contracts or normal accounts. Not implemented for now.

**Returns** Symbolic address in form of a BitVecVariable.

**make\_symbolic\_arguments**(*types*)

Build a reasonable set of symbolic arguments matching the types list

**make\_symbolic\_buffer**(*size*, *name=None*, *avoid\_collisions=False*)

Creates a symbolic buffer of size bytes to be used in transactions. You can operate on it normally and add constraints to `manticore.constraints` via `manticore.constrain(constraint_expression)`

Example use:

```
symbolic_data = m.make_symbolic_buffer(320)
m.constrain(symbolic_data[0] == 0x65)
m.transaction(caller=attacker_account,
              address=contract_account,
              data=symbolic_data,
              value=1000000 )
```

**make\_symbolic\_value**(*nbits=256*, *name=None*)

Creates a symbolic value, normally a uint256, to be used in transactions. You can operate on it normally and add constraints to `manticore.constraints` via `manticore.constrain(constraint_expression)`

Example use:

```
symbolic_value = m.make_symbolic_value()
m.constrain(symbolic_value > 100)
m.constrain(symbolic_value < 1000)
m.transaction(caller=attacker_account,
              address=contract_account,
              data=data,
              value=symbolic_value )
```

**multi\_tx\_analysis**(*solidity\_filename*, *contract\_name=None*, *tx\_limit=None*, *tx\_use\_coverage=True*, *tx\_send\_ether=True*, *tx\_account='attacker'*, *tx\_preconstrain=False*, *args=None*, *compile\_args=None*)

**new\_address**()

Create a fresh 160bit address

**property normal\_accounts**

**preconstraint\_for\_call\_transaction**(*address: Union[int, manticore.ethereum.account.EVMAccount], data: manticore.core.smtlib.expression.Array, value: Optional[Union[int, manticore.core.smtlib.expression.Expression]] = None, contract\_metadata: Optional[manticore.ethereum.solidity.SolidityMetadata] = None*)

Returns a constraint that excludes combinations of value and data that would cause an exception in the EVM contract dispatcher.

#### Parameters

- **address** – address of the contract to call
- **value** – balance to be transferred (optional)
- **data** – symbolic transaction data
- **contract\_metadata** – SolidityMetadata for the contract (optional)

**property ready\_sound\_states**

Iterator over sound ready states. This tries to solve any symbolic imprecision added by unsound symbolication and then iterates over the resultant set.

This is the recommended way to iterate over the resultant states after an exploration that included unsound symbolication

**register\_detector**(*d*)

Unregisters a plugin. This will invoke detector's *on\_unregister* callback. Shall be called after *finalize*.

**run**(*\*\*kwargs*)

Runs analysis.

**solidity\_create\_contract**(*source\_code, owner, name=None, contract\_name=None, libraries=None, balance=0, address=None, args=(), gas=None, compile\_args=None*)

Creates a solidity contract and library dependencies

#### Parameters

- **source\_code** (*string (filename, directory, etherscan address) or a file handle*) – solidity source code
- **owner** (*int or EVMAccount*) – owner account (will be default caller in any transactions)
- **contract\_name** (*str*) – Name of the contract to analyze (optional if there is a single one in the source code)
- **balance** (*int or BitVecVariable*) – balance to be transferred on creation
- **address** (*int or EVMAccount*) – the address for the new contract (optional)
- **args** (*tuple*) – constructor arguments
- **compile\_args** (*dict*) – crytic compile options #FIXME(<https://github.com/crytic/crytic-compile/wiki/Configuration>)
- **gas** (*int*) – gas budget for each contract creation needed (may be more than one if several related contracts defined in the solidity source)

**Return type** EVMAccount

**start\_block**(*blocknumber=None, timestamp=None, difficulty=0, gaslimit=0, coinbase=None*)

**transaction**(*caller, address, value, data, gas=None, price=1*)

Issue a symbolic transaction in all running states

**Parameters**

- **caller** (*int or EVMAccount*) – the address of the account sending the transaction
- **address** (*int or EVMAccount*) – the address of the contract to call
- **value** (*int or BitVecVariable*) – balance to be transferred on creation
- **data** – initial data
- **gas** – gas budget
- **price** – gas unit price

**Raises NoAliveStates** – if there are no alive states to execute

**transactions**(*state\_id=None*)

Transactions list for state *state\_id*

**unregister\_detector**(*d*)

Unregisters a detector. This will invoke detector's *on\_unregister* callback. Shall be called after *.finalize* - otherwise, *finalize* won't add detector's finding to *global.findings*.

**property workspace**

**property world**

The world instance or None if there is more than one state

## 8.3 EVM

Symbolic EVM implementation based on the yellow paper: <http://gavwood.com/paper.pdf>

**class** `manticore.platforms.evm.BlockHeader`(*blocknumber, timestamp, difficulty, gaslimit, coinbase*)

**property blocknumber**

Alias for field number 0

**property coinbase**

Alias for field number 4

**property difficulty**

Alias for field number 2

**property gaslimit**

Alias for field number 3

**property timestamp**

Alias for field number 1

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.ConcretizeArgument`(*pos, expression=None, policy='SAMPLED'*)

Raised when a symbolic argument needs to be concretized.

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.ConcretizeFee`(*policy='MINMAX'*)

Raised when a symbolic gas fee needs to be concretized.

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.ConcretizeGas`(*policy='MINMAX'*)

Raised when a symbolic gas needs to be concretized.

```

class manticore.platforms.evm.EVM(constraints, address, data, caller, value, bytecode, world=None,
                                   gas=None, fork='istanbul', **kwargs)
    Machine State. The machine state is defined as the tuple (g, pc, m, i, s) which are the gas available, the program
    counter pc , the memory contents, the active number of words in memory (counting continuously from position
    0), and the stack contents. The memory contents are a series of zeroes of bitsize 256

    CHAINID()
        Get current chainid.

    EXTCODEHASH(account)
        Get hash of code

    SAR(a, b)
        Arithmetic Shift Right operation

    SELFBALANCE()

    SELFDESTRUCT_gas(recipient)

    SHL(a, b)
        Shift Left operation

    SHR(a, b)
        Logical Shift Right operation

    property allocated
    property bytecode
    change_last_result(result)
    static check256int(value)
    check_oog()
    property constraints
    disassemble()
    execute()
    fail_if(failed)
    property gas
    property instruction
        Current instruction pointed by self.pc
    is_failed()
    property pc
    read_buffer(offset, size)
    read_code(address, size=1)
        Read size byte from bytecode. If less than size bytes are available result will be pad with
    safe_add(a, b, *args)
    safe_mul(a, b)
    class transact(pre=None, pos=None, doc=None)

        pos(pos)
    property world

```

```
    write_buffer(offset, data)
exception manticore.platforms.evm.EVMException
class manticore.platforms.evm.EVMLog(address, memlog, topics)

    property address
        Alias for field number 0
    property memlog
        Alias for field number 1
    property topics
        Alias for field number 2
class manticore.platforms.evm.EVMWorld(constraints, fork='istanbul', **kwargs)

    account_exists(address)
    property accounts
    add_refund(value)
    add_to_balance(address, value)
    property all_transactions
    block_coinbase()
    block_difficulty()
    block_gaslimit()
    block_hash(block_number=None, force_recent=True)
        Calculates a block's hash

        Parameters
        

- block_number – the block number for which to calculate the hash, defaulting to the most recent block
- force_recent – if True (the default) return zero for any block that is in the future or older than 256 blocks


        Returns the block hash
    block_number()
    block_prevhash()
    block_timestamp()
    static calculate_new_address(sender=None, nonce=None)
    property constraints
    property contract_accounts
    create_account(address=None, balance=0, code=None, storage=None, nonce=None)
        Low level account creation. No transaction is done.

        Parameters
        

- address – the address of the account, if known. If omitted, a new address will be generated as closely to the Yellow Paper as possible.

```

- **balance** – the initial balance of the account in Wei
- **code** – the runtime code of the account, if a contract
- **storage** – storage array
- **nonce** – the nonce for the account; contracts should have a nonce greater than or equal to 1

**create\_contract**(*price=0, address=None, caller=None, balance=0, init=None, gas=None*)

Initiates a CREATE a contract account. Sends a transaction to initialize the contract. Do a `world.run()` after this to explore all `_possible_` outputs

#### Parameters

- **address** – the address of the new account, if known. If omitted, a new address will be generated as closely to the Yellow Paper as possible.
- **balance** – the initial balance of the account in Wei
- **init** – the initialization code of the contract

The way that the Solidity compiler expects the constructor arguments to be passed is by appending the arguments to the byte code produced by the Solidity compiler. The arguments are formatted as defined in the Ethereum ABI2. The arguments are then copied from the init byte array to the EVM memory through the CODECOPY opcode with appropriate values on the stack. This is done when the byte code in the init byte array is actually run on the network.

**property current\_human\_transaction**

Current ongoing human transaction

**property current\_transaction**

current tx

**property current\_vm**

current vm

**delete\_account**(*address*)

**property deleted\_accounts**

**property depth**

**dump**(*stream, state, mevm, message*)

**end\_block**(*block\_reward=None*)

**property evmfork**

**execute**()

**get\_balance**(*address*)

**get\_code**(*address*)

**get\_nonce**(*address*)

**get\_storage**(*address*)

Gets the storage of an account

**Parameters** **address** – account address

**Returns** account storage

**Return type** bytearray or ArrayProxy

**get\_storage\_data**(*storage\_address*, *offset*)

Read a value from a storage slot on the specified account

**Parameters**

- **storage\_address** – an account address
- **offset** (*int* or *BitVec*) – the storage slot to use.

**Returns** the value

**Return type** *int* or *BitVec*

**get\_storage\_items**(*address*)

Gets all items in an account storage

**Parameters** **address** – account address

**Returns** all items in account storage. items are tuple of (index, value). value can be symbolic

**Return type** list[(storage\_index, storage\_value)]

**has\_code**(*address*)

**has\_storage**(*address*)

True if something has been written to the storage. Note that if a slot has been erased from the storage this function may lose any meaning.

**property human\_transactions**

Completed human transaction

**increase\_nonce**(*address*)

**property last\_human\_transaction**

Last completed human transaction

**property last\_transaction**

Last completed transaction

**log**(*address*, *topics*, *data*)

**log\_storage**(*addr*)

**property logs**

**new\_address**(*sender=None*, *nonce=None*)

Create a fresh 160bit address

**property normal\_accounts**

**send\_funds**(*sender*, *recipient*, *value*)

**set\_balance**(*address*, *value*)

**set\_code**(*address*, *data*)

**set\_storage\_data**(*storage\_address*, *offset*, *value*)

Writes a value to a storage slot in specified account

**Parameters**

- **storage\_address** – an account address
- **offset** (*int* or *BitVec*) – the storage slot to use.
- **value** (*int* or *BitVec*) – the value to write



**start\_block**(*blocknumber=4370000, timestamp=1524785992, difficulty=512, gaslimit=2147483647, coinbase=0*)

**start\_transaction**(*sort, address, \*, price=None, data=None, caller=None, value=0, gas=2300*)

Initiate a transaction.

#### Parameters

- **sort** – the type of transaction. CREATE or CALL or DELEGATECALL
- **address** – the address of the account which owns the code that is executing.
- **price** – the price of gas in the transaction that originated this execution.
- **data** – the byte array that is the input data to this execution
- **caller** – the address of the account which caused the code to be executing. A 160-bit code used for identifying Accounts
- **value** – the value, in Wei, passed to this account as part of the same procedure as execution. One Ether is defined as being  $10^{18}$  Wei.
- **bytecode** – the byte array that is the machine code to be executed.
- **gas** – gas budget for this transaction.
- **failed** – True if the transaction must fail

**sub\_from\_balance**(*address, value*)

**sub\_refund**(*value*)

**symbolic\_function**(*func, data*)

Get an unsound symbolication for function *func*

**transaction**(*address, price=0, data="", caller=None, value=0, gas=2300*)

Initiates a CALL transaction on current state. Do a `world.run()` after this to explore all `_possible_` outputs

**property transactions**

Completed completed transaction

**try\_simplify\_to\_constant**(*data*)

**tx\_gasprice**()

**tx\_origin**()

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.EndTx`(*result, data=None*)

The current transaction ends

**is\_rollback**()

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.InvalidOpcode`

Trying to execute invalid opcode

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.NotEnoughGas`

Not enough gas for operation

**class** `manticore.platforms.evm.PendingTransaction`(*type, address, price, data, caller, value, gas, failed*)

**property address**

Alias for field number 1

**property caller**

Alias for field number 4

**property data**

Alias for field number 3

**property failed**

Alias for field number 7

**property gas**

Alias for field number 6

**property price**

Alias for field number 2

**property type**

Alias for field number 0

**property value**

Alias for field number 5

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.Return(data=b")`

Program reached a RETURN instruction

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.Revert(data)`

Program reached a REVERT instruction

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.SelfDestruct`

Program reached a SELFDESTRUCT instruction

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.StackOverflow`

Attempted to push more than 1024 items

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.StackUnderflow`

Attempted to pop from an empty stack

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.StartTx`

A new transaction is started

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.Stop`

Program reached a STOP instruction

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.TXError`

A failed Transaction

**exception** `manticore.platforms.evm.Throw`**class** `manticore.platforms.evm.Transaction(sort, address, price, data, caller, value, gas=0, depth=None, result=None, return_data=None, used_gas=None)`**address****caller****concretize**(*state, constrain=False*)**Parameters**

- **state** – a manticore state
- **constrain** (*bool*) – If True, constrain expr to concretized value

**data****depth**

**dump**(*stream, state, mevm, conc\_tx=None*)

Concretize and write a human readable version of the transaction into the stream. Used during testcase generation.

#### Parameters

- **stream** – Output stream to write to. Typically a file.
- **state** (*manticore.ethereum.State*) – state that the tx exists in
- **mevm** (*manticore.ethereum.ManticoreEVM*) – manticore instance

#### Returns

**gas**

**property is\_human**

Returns whether this is a transaction made by human (in a script).

**As an example for:** contract A { function a(B b) { b.b(); } } contract B { function b() { } }

Calling *B.b()* makes a human transaction. Calling *A.a(B)* makes a human transaction which makes an internal transaction (*b.b()*).

**price**

**property result**

**property return\_data**

**property return\_value**

**set\_result**(*result, return\_data=None, used\_gas=None*)

**property sort**

**to\_dict**(*mevm*)

Only meant to be used with concrete Transaction objects! (after calling *.concretize()*)

**property used\_gas**

**value**

*manticore.platforms.evm.ceil32*(*x*)

*manticore.platforms.evm.concretized\_args*(*\*\*policies*)

Make sure an EVM instruction has all of its arguments concretized according to provided policies.

Example decoration:

```
@concretized_args(size='ONE', address='') def LOG(self, address, size, *topics): ...
```

The above will make sure that the *size* parameter to LOG is Concretized when symbolic according to the 'ONE' policy and concretize *address* with the default policy.

**Parameters policies** – A kwargs list of argument names and their respective policies. Provide None or '' as policy to use default.

**Returns** A function decorator

*manticore.platforms.evm.globalfakesha3*(*data*)

*manticore.platforms.evm.globalsha3*(*data*)

*manticore.platforms.evm.to\_signed*(*i*)



## 9.1 Platforms

```
class manticore.native.Manticore(path_or_state, argv=None, workspace_url=None, policy='random',  
                                **kwargs)
```

```
classmethod decree(path, concrete_start="", **kwargs)  
    Constructor for Decree binary analysis.
```

**Parameters**

- **path** (*str*) – Path to binary to analyze
- **concrete\_start** (*str*) – Concrete stdin to use before symbolic input
- **kwargs** – Forwarded to the Manticore constructor

**Returns** Manticore instance, initialized with a Decree State

**Return type** Manticore

```
classmethod linux(path, argv=None, envp=None, entry_symbol=None, symbolic_files=None,  
                  concrete_start="", pure_symbolic=False, stdin_size=None, **kwargs)  
    Constructor for Linux binary analysis.
```

**Parameters**

- **path** (*str*) – Path to binary to analyze
- **argv** (*list[str]*) – Arguments to provide to the binary
- **envp** (*str*) – Environment to provide to the binary
- **entry\_symbol** – Entry symbol to resolve to start execution
- **symbolic\_files** (*list[str]*) – Filenames to mark as having symbolic input
- **concrete\_start** (*str*) – Concrete stdin to use before symbolic input
- **stdin\_size** (*int*) – symbolic stdin size to use
- **kwargs** – Forwarded to the Manticore constructor

**Returns** Manticore instance, initialized with a Linux State

**Return type** Manticore

## 9.2 Linux

`class manticore.platforms.linux.SLinux`(*programs*, *argv*=None, *envp*=None, *symbolic\_files*=None, *disasm*='capstone', *pure\_symbolic*=False)

Builds a symbolic extension of a Linux OS

### Parameters

- **programs** (*str*) – path to ELF binary
- **disasm** (*str*) – disassembler to be used
- **argv** (*list*) – argv not including binary
- **envp** (*list*) – environment variables
- **symbolic\_files** (*tuple[str]*) – files to consider symbolic

`add_symbolic_file`(*symbolic\_file*)

Add a symbolic file. Each '+' in the file will be considered as symbolic; other chars are concretized. Symbolic files must have been defined before the call to *run()*.

**Parameters** **symbolic\_file** (*str*) – the name of the symbolic file

## 9.3 Models

Models here are intended to be passed to `invoke_model()`, not invoked directly.

`manticore.native.models.can_be_NULL`(*state*, *byte*) → bool

Checks if a given byte read from memory can be NULL

### Parameters

- **byte** – byte read from memory to be examined
- **constrs** – state constraints

**Returns** whether a given byte is NULL or can be NULL

`manticore.native.models.cannot_be_NULL`(*state*, *byte*) → bool

Checks if a given byte read from memory is not NULL or cannot be NULL

### Parameters

- **byte** – byte read from memory to be examined
- **constrs** – state constraints

**Returns** whether a given byte is not NULL or cannot be NULL

`manticore.native.models.isvariadic`(*model*)

**Parameters** **model** (*callable*) – Function model

**Returns** Whether *model* models a variadic function

**Return type** bool

`manticore.native.models.must_be_NULL`(*state*, *byte*) → bool

Checks if a given byte read from memory is NULL. This supports both concrete & symbolic byte values.

### Parameters

- **byte** – byte read from memory to be examined
- **constrs** – state constraints

**Returns** whether a given byte is NULL or constrained to NULL

```
manticore.native.models.strptime(state: manticore.native.state.State, s1: Union[int,
                                     manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec], s2: Union[int,
                                     manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec])
```

strcmp symbolic model.

Algorithm: Walks from end of string (minimum offset to NULL in either string) to beginning building tree of ITEs each time either of the bytes at current offset is symbolic.

Points of Interest: - We've been building up a symbolic tree but then encounter two concrete bytes that differ. We can throw away the entire symbolic tree! - If we've been encountering concrete bytes that match at the end of the string as we walk forward, and then we encounter a pair where one is symbolic, we can forget about that 0 *ret* we've been tracking and just replace it with the symbolic subtraction of the two

#### Parameters

- **state** – Current program state
- **s1** – Address of string 1
- **s2** – Address of string 2

**Returns** Symbolic strcmp result

**Return type** Expression or int

```
manticore.native.models.strcpy(state: manticore.native.state.State, dst: Union[int,
                                     manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec], src: Union[int,
                                     manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]) → Union[int,
                                     manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]
```

strcpy symbolic model

Algorithm: Copy every byte from src to dst until finding a byte that is NULL or is constrained to only the NULL value. Every time a byte is found that can be NULL but is not definitely NULL concretize and fork states.

#### Parameters

- **state** – current program state
- **dst** – destination string address
- **src** – source string address

**Returns** pointer to the dst

```
manticore.native.models.strlen_approx(state: manticore.native.state.State, s: Union[int,
                                     manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]) → Union[int,
                                     manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]
```

strlen symbolic model

Strategy: build a result tree to limit state explosion results approximate

Algorithm: Walks from end of string not including NULL building ITE tree when current byte is symbolic.

#### Parameters

- **state** – current program state
- **s** – Address of string

**Returns** Symbolic strlen result

```
manticore.native.models.strlen_exact(state: manticore.native.state.State, s: Union[int,
                                         manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]) → Union[int,
                                         manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]
```

strlen symbolic model

Strategy: produce a state for every symbolic string length for better accuracy

Algorithm: Counts the number of characters in a string forking every time a symbolic byte is found that can be NULL but is not constrained to NULL.

**Parameters**

- **state** – current program state
- **s** – Address of string

**Returns** Symbolic strlen result

```
manticore.native.models.strncpy(state: manticore.native.state.State, dst: Union[int,
                                         manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec], src: Union[int,
                                         manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec], n: Union[int,
                                         manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]) → Union[int,
                                         manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]
```

strncpy symbolic model

Algorithm: Copy n bytes from src to dst. If the length of the src string is less than n pad the difference with NULL bytes. If a symbolic byte is found that can be NULL but is not definitely NULL fork and concretize states.

**Parameters**

- **state** – current program state
- **dst** – destination string address
- **src** – source string address
- **n** – number of bytes to copy

**Returns** pointer to the dst

```
manticore.native.models.variadic(func)
```

A decorator used to mark a function model as variadic. This function should take two parameters: a *State* object, and a generator object for the arguments.

**Parameters** **func** (*callable*) – Function model

## 9.4 State

```
class manticore.native.state.State(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
add_hook(pc_or_sys: Optional[Union[int, str]], callback: Callable[[manticore.core.state.StateBase], None],
         after: bool = False, syscall: bool = False) → None
```

Add a callback to be invoked on executing a program counter (or syscall). Pass *None* for *pc\_or\_sys* to invoke callback on every instruction (or syscall invocation). *callback* should be a callable that takes one *State* argument.

**Parameters**

- **pc\_or\_sys** (int or None if *syscall* = False. int, str, or None if *syscall* = True) – Address of instruction to hook, syscall number, or syscall name



- **callback** – Hook function
- **after** – Hook after PC (or after syscall) executes?
- **syscall** – Catch a syscall invocation instead of instruction?

**property cpu**

Current cpu state

**execute()**

Perform a single step on the current state

**invoke\_model(model)**

Invokes a *model*. Modelling can be used to override a function in the target program with a custom implementation.

For more information on modelling see docs/models.rst

A *model* is a callable whose first argument is a *manticore.native.State* instance. If the following arguments correspond to the arguments of the C function being modeled. If the *model* models a variadic function, the following argument is a generator object, which can be used to access function arguments dynamically. The *model* callable should simply return the value that should be returned by the native function being modeled.f

**Parameters model** – callable, model to invoke

**property mem**

Current virtual memory mappings

**remove\_hook**(*pc\_or\_sys*: *Optional[Union[int, str]]*, *callback*: *Callable[[manticore.core.state.StateBase], None]*, *after*: *bool = False*, *syscall*: *bool = False*) → bool

Remove a callback with the specified properties :param *pc\_or\_sys*: Address of instruction, syscall number, or syscall name to remove hook from :type *pc\_or\_sys*: int or None if *syscall* = False. int, str, or None if *syscall* = True :param *callback*: The callback function that was at the address (or syscall) :param *after*: Whether it was after instruction executed or not :param *syscall*: Catch a syscall invocation instead of instruction? :return: Whether it was removed

## 9.5 Cpu

**class** manticore.native.state.State(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

**property cpu**

Current cpu state

**class** manticore.native.cpu.abstractcpu.Cpu(*regfile*: *manticore.native.cpu.abstractcpu.RegisterFile*, *memory*: *manticore.native.memory.Memory*, \*\*kwargs)

Base class for all Cpu architectures. Functionality common to all architectures (and expected from users of a Cpu) should be here. Commonly used by platforms and py:class:manticore.core.Executor

The following attributes need to be defined in any derived class

- arch
- mode
- max\_instr\_width
- address\_bit\_size
- pc\_alias

- `stack_alias`

**property all\_registers**

Returns all register names for this CPU. Any register returned can be accessed via a *cpu.REG* convenience interface (e.g. *cpu.EAX*) for both reading and writing.

**Returns** valid register names

**Return type** `tuple[str]`

**backup\_emulate(*insn*)**

If we could not handle emulating an instruction, use Unicorn to emulate it.

**Parameters** **instruction** (*capstone.CsInsn*) – The instruction object to emulate

**property canonical\_registers**

Returns the list of all register names for this CPU.

**Return type** `tuple`

**Returns** the list of register names for this CPU.

**canonicalize\_instruction\_name(*instruction*)**

Get the semantic name of an instruction.

**concrete\_emulate(*insn*)**

Start executing in Unicorn from this point until we hit a syscall or reach `break_unicorn_at`

**Parameters** **insn** (*capstone.CsInsn*) – The instruction object to emulate

**decode\_instruction(*pc: int*) → mantichore.native.cpu.disasm.Instruction**

This will decode an instruction from memory pointed by *pc*

**Parameters** **pc** – address of the instruction

**emulate(*insn*)**

Pick the right emulate function (maintains API compatibility)

**Parameters** **insn** – single instruction to emulate/start emulation from

**emulate\_until(*target: int*)**

Tells the CPU to set up a concrete unicorn emulator and use it to execute instructions until target is reached.

**Parameters** **target** – Where Unicorn should hand control back to Manticore. Set to 0 for all instructions.

**execute()**

Decode, and execute one instruction pointed by register PC

**property icount****property instruction****property last\_executed\_insn: Optional[mantichore.native.cpu.disasm.Instruction]**

The last instruction that was executed.

**property last\_executed\_pc: Optional[int]**

The last PC that was executed.

**property memory: mantichore.native.memory.Memory****pop\_bytes(*nbytes: int, force: bool = False*)**

Read *nbytes* from the stack, increment the stack pointer, and return data.

**Parameters**

- **nbytes** – How many bytes to read

- **force** – whether to ignore memory permissions

**Returns** Data read from the stack

**pop\_int**(*force: bool = False*)

Read a value from the stack and increment the stack pointer.

**Parameters** **force** – whether to ignore memory permissions

**Returns** Value read

**push\_bytes**(*data, force: bool = False*)

Write *data* to the stack and decrement the stack pointer accordingly.

**Parameters**

- **data** – Data to write
- **force** – whether to ignore memory permissions

**push\_int**(*value: int, force: bool = False*)

Decrement the stack pointer and write *value* to the stack.

**Parameters**

- **value** – The value to write
- **force** – whether to ignore memory permissions

**Returns** New stack pointer

**read\_bytes**(*where: int, size: int, force: bool = False, publish: bool = True*)

Read from memory.

**Parameters**

- **where** – address to read data from
- **size** – number of bytes
- **force** – whether to ignore memory permissions
- **publish** – whether to publish events

**Returns** data

**read\_int**(*where: int, size: Optional[int] = None, force: bool = False, publish: bool = True*)

Reads int from memory

**Parameters**

- **where** – address to read from
- **size** – number of bits to read
- **force** – whether to ignore memory permissions
- **publish** – whether to publish an event

**Returns** the value read

**read\_register**(*register*)

Dynamic interface for reading cpu registers

**Parameters** **register** (*str*) – register name (as listed in *self.all\_registers*)

**Returns** register value

**Return type** int or long or Expression

**read\_string**(*where: int, max\_length: Optional[int] = None, force: bool = False*) → str  
Read a NUL-terminated concrete buffer from memory. Stops reading at first symbolic byte.

**Parameters**

- **where** – Address to read string from
- **max\_length** – The size in bytes to cap the string at, or None [default] for no limit.
- **force** – whether to ignore memory permissions

**Returns** string read

**property regfile**

The RegisterFile of this cpu

**render\_instruction**(*insn=None*)

**render\_register**(*reg\_name*)

**render\_registers**()

**write\_bytes**(*where: int, data, force: bool = False*) → None  
Write a concrete or symbolic (or mixed) buffer to memory

**Parameters**

- **where** – address to write to
- **data** – data to write
- **force** – whether to ignore memory permissions

**write\_int**(*where, expression, size=None, force=False*)  
Writes int to memory

**Parameters**

- **where** (*int*) – address to write to
- **expr** (*int or BitVec*) – value to write
- **size** – bit size of *expr*
- **force** – whether to ignore memory permissions

**write\_register**(*register, value*)  
Dynamic interface for writing cpu registers

**Parameters**

- **register** (*str*) – register name (as listed in *self.all\_registers*)
- **value** (*int or long or Expression*) – register value

**write\_string**(*where: int, string: str, max\_length: Optional[int] = None, force: bool = False*) → None  
Writes a string to memory, appending a NULL-terminator at the end.

**Parameters**

- **where** – Address to write the string to
- **string** – The string to write to memory
- **max\_length** –

The size in bytes to cap the string at, or None [default] for no limit. This includes the NULL terminator.

**Parameters** **force** – whether to ignore memory permissions

## 9.6 Memory

**class** `manticore.native.state.State(*args, **kwargs)`

**property** `mem`

Current virtual memory mappings

**class** `manticore.native.memory.SMemory(constraints: manticore.core.smlib.constraints.ConstraintSet, symbols=None, *args, **kwargs)`

The symbolic memory manager. This class handles all virtual memory mappings and symbolic chunks.

**Todo** improve comments

**munmap**(*start, size*)

Deletes the mappings for the specified address range and causes further references to addresses within the range to generate invalid memory references.

**Parameters**

- **start** – the starting address to delete.
- **size** – the length of the unmapping.

**read**(*address, size, force=False*)

Read a stream of potentially symbolic bytes from a potentially symbolic address

**Parameters**

- **address** – Where to read from
- **size** – How many bytes
- **force** – Whether to ignore permissions

**Return type** `list`

**write**(*address, value, force: bool = False*) → `None`

Write a value at address.

**Parameters**

- **address** (*int or long or Expression*) – The address at which to write
- **value** (*str or list*) – Bytes to write
- **force** – Whether to ignore permissions

## 9.7 State

**class** `manticore.native.state.State(*args, **kwargs)`

**add\_hook**(*pc\_or\_sys: Optional[Union[int, str]], callback: Callable[[[manticore.core.state.StateBase](#)], None], after: bool = False, syscall: bool = False*) → `None`

Add a callback to be invoked on executing a program counter (or syscall). Pass *None* for *pc\_or\_sys* to invoke callback on every instruction (or syscall invocation). *callback* should be a callable that takes one [State](#) argument.

**Parameters**

- **pc\_or\_sys** (int or None if *syscall* = False. int, str, or None if *syscall* = True) – Address of instruction to hook, syscall number, or syscall name
- **callback** – Hook function
- **after** – Hook after PC (or after syscall) executes?
- **syscall** – Catch a syscall invocation instead of instruction?

**property cpu**

Current cpu state

**execute()**

Perform a single step on the current state

**invoke\_model(model)**

Invokes a *model*. Modelling can be used to override a function in the target program with a custom implementation.

For more information on modelling see docs/models.rst

A *model* is a callable whose first argument is a *manticore.native.State* instance. If the following arguments correspond to the arguments of the C function being modeled. If the *model* models a variadic function, the following argument is a generator object, which can be used to access function arguments dynamically. The *model* callable should simply return the value that should be returned by the native function being modeled.f

**Parameters** *model* – callable, model to invoke

**property mem**

Current virtual memory mappings

**remove\_hook**(*pc\_or\_sys*: *Optional[Union[int, str]]*, *callback*: *Callable[[manticore.core.state.StateBase], None]*, *after*: *bool = False*, *syscall*: *bool = False*) → bool

Remove a callback with the specified properties :param pc\_or\_sys: Address of instruction, syscall number, or syscall name to remove hook from :type pc\_or\_sys: int or None if *syscall* = False. int, str, or None if *syscall* = True :param callback: The callback function that was at the address (or syscall) :param after: Whether it was after instruction executed or not :param syscall: Catch a syscall invocation instead of instruction? :return: Whether it was removed

## 9.8 Function Models

The Manticore function modeling API can be used to override a certain function in the target program with a custom implementation in Python. This can greatly increase performance.

Manticore comes with implementations of function models for some common library routines (core models), and also offers a user API for defining user-defined models.

To use a core model, use the *invoke\_model()* API. The available core models are documented in the API Reference:

```
from manticore.native.models import strcmp
addr_of_strcmp = 0x400510
@m.hook(addr_of_strcmp)
def strcmp_model(state):
    state.invoke_model(strcmp)
```

To implement a user-defined model, implement your model as a Python function, and pass it to *invoke\_model()*. See the *invoke\_model()* documentation for more. The *core models* are also good examples to look at and use the same external user API.

## 9.9 Symbolic Input

Manticore allows you to execute programs with symbolic input, which represents a range of possible inputs. You can do this in a variety of manners.

### Wildcard byte

Throughout these various interfaces, the '+' character is defined to designate a byte of input as symbolic. This allows the user to make input that mixes symbolic and concrete bytes (e.g. known file magic bytes).

For example: "concretedata+++++++moreconcretedata+++++++"

### Symbolic arguments/environment

To provide a symbolic argument or environment variable on the command line, use the wildcard byte where arguments and environment are specified.:

```
$ manticore ./binary +++++ +++++
$ manticore ./binary --env VAR1=+++++ --env VAR2=+++++
```

For API use, use the `argv` and `envp` arguments to the `manticore.native.Manticore.linux()` classmethod.:

```
Manticore.linux('./binary', ['+++++', '+++++'], dict(VAR1='+++++', VAR2='+++++'))
```

### Symbolic stdin

Manticore by default is configured with 256 bytes of symbolic stdin data which is configurable with the `stdin_size` kwarg of `manticore.native.Manticore.linux()`, after an optional concrete data prefix, which can be provided with the `concrete_start` kwarg of `manticore.native.Manticore.linux()`.

### Symbolic file input

To provide symbolic input from a file, first create the files that will be opened by the analyzed program, and fill them with wildcard bytes where you would like symbolic data to be.

For command line use, invoke Manticore with the `--file` argument.:

```
$ manticore ./binary --file my_symbolic_file1.txt --file my_symbolic_file2.txt
```

For API use, use the `add_symbolic_file()` interface to customize the initial execution state from an `__init__()`

```
@m.init
def init(initial_state):
    initial_state.platform.add_symbolic_file('my_symbolic_file1.txt')
```

### Symbolic sockets

Manticore's socket support is experimental! Sockets are configured to contain 64 bytes of symbolic input.





## WEB ASSEMBLY

## 10.1 ManticoreWASM

```
class manticore.wasm.manticore.ManticoreWASM(path_or_state, env={}, sup_env={},
                                             workspace_url=None, policy='random', **kwargs)
```

Manticore class for interacting with WASM, analagous to ManticoreNative or ManticoreEVM.

```
collect_returns( $n=1$ )
```

Iterates over the terminated states and collects the top n values from the stack. Generally only used for testing.

**Parameters** **n** – Number of values to collect

## Returns

A list of list of lists. > One list for each state

> **One list for each n** > The output from solver.get\_all\_values

```
default_invoke(func_name: str = 'main')
```

Looks for a *main* function or *start* function and invokes it with symbolic arguments :param func\_name:  
Optional name of function to look for

## exported\_functions

List of exported function names in the default module

**finalize()**

Finish a run and solve for test cases. Calls `save_run_data`

```
generate_testcase(state, message='test', name='test')
```

```
invoke(name='main', argv_generator=<function ManticoreWASM.<lambda>>)
```

Maps the “invoke” command over all the ready states :param name: The function to invoke :param argv\_generator: A function that takes the current state and returns a list of arguments

```
run(timeout=None)
```

Begins the Manticore run

**Parameters** `timeout` – number of seconds after which to kill execution

```
save_run_data()
```

## 10.2 WASM World

**class** `manticore.platforms.wasm.WASMWorld(filename, name='self', **kwargs)`

Manages global environment for a WASM state. Analogous to EVMWorld.

**advice**

Stores concretized information used to advise execution of the next instruction.

**constraints**

Initial set of constraints

**exec\_for\_test**(*funcname, module=None*)

Helper method that simulates the evaluation loop without creating workers or states, forking, or concretizing symbolic values. Only used for concrete unit testing.

**Parameters**

- **funcname** – The name of the function to test
- **module** – The name of the module to test the function in (if not the default module)

**Returns** The top *n* items from the stack where *n* is the expected number of return values from the function

**execute**(*current\_state*)

Tells the underlying ModuleInstance to execute a single WASM instruction. Raises TerminateState if there are no more instructions to execute, or if the instruction raises a Trap.

**get\_export**(*export\_name, mod\_name=None*) → Optional[Union[*manticore.wasm.structure.ProtoFuncInst*, *manticore.wasm.structure.TableInst*, *manticore.wasm.structure.MemInst*, *manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalInst*, Callable]]

Gets the export *\_instance\_* for a given export & module name (basically just dereferences *\_get\_export\_addr* into the store)

**Parameters**

- **export\_name** – Name of the export to look for
- **mod\_name** – Name of the module the export lives in

**Returns** The export itself

**get\_module\_imports**(*module, exec\_start, stub\_missing*) →

List[Union[*manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr*, *manticore.wasm.structure.TableAddr*, *manticore.wasm.structure.MemAddr*, *manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalAddr*]]

Builds the list of imports that should be passed to the given module upon instantiation

**Parameters**

- **module** – The module to find the imports for
- **exec\_start** – Whether to execute the start function of the module
- **stub\_missing** – Whether to replace missing imports with stubs (TODO: symbolicate)

**Returns** List of addresses for the imports within the store

**import\_module**(*module\_name, exec\_start, stub\_missing*)

Collect all of the imports for the given module and instantiate it

**Parameters**

- **module\_name** – module to import

- **exec\_start** – whether to run the start functions automatically
- **stub\_missing** – whether to replace missing imports with stubs

Returns None

property instance: *manticore.wasm.structure.ModuleInstance*

Returns the ModuleInstance for the first module registered

**instantiate**(*env\_import\_dict: Dict[str, Union[manticore.wasm.structure.ProtoFuncInst, manticore.wasm.structure.TableInst, manticore.wasm.structure.MemInst, manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalInst, Callable]], supplemental\_env: Dict[str, Dict[str, Union[manticore.wasm.structure.ProtoFuncInst, manticore.wasm.structure.TableInst, manticore.wasm.structure.MemInst, manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalInst, Callable]]] = {}, exec\_start=False, stub\_missing=True)*

Prepares the underlying ModuleInstance for execution. Calls `import_module` under the hood, so this is probably the only import-y function you ever need to call externally.

TODO: stubbed imports should be symbolic

#### Parameters

- **env\_import\_dict** – Dict mapping strings to functions. Functions should accept the current ConstraintSet as the first argument.
- **supplemental\_env** – Maps strings w/ module names to environment dicts using the same format as `env_import_dict`
- **exec\_start** – Whether or not to automatically execute the *start* function, if it is set.
- **stub\_missing** – Whether or not to replace missing imports with empty stubs

Returns None

#### instantiated

Prevents users from calling `run` without instantiating the module

**invoke**(*name='main', argv=[], module=None*)

Sets up the WASMWorld to run the function specified by *name* when *ManticoreWASM.run* is called

#### Parameters

- **name** – Name of the function to invoke
- **argv** – List of arguments to pass to the function. Should typically be I32, I64, F32, or F64
- **module** – name of a module to call the function in (if not the default module)

Returns None

property module: *manticore.wasm.structure.Module*

Returns The first module registered

**register\_module**(*name, filename\_or\_alias*)

Provide an explicit path to a WASM module so the importer will know where to find it

#### Parameters

- **name** – Module name to register the module under
- **filename\_or\_alias** – Name of the .wasm file that module lives in

Returns

**set\_env**(*exports*: Dict[str, Union[manticore.wasm.structure.ProtoFuncInst, manticore.wasm.structure.TableInst, manticore.wasm.structure.MemInst, manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalInst, Callable]], *mod\_name*='env')

Manually insert exports into the global environment

#### Parameters

- **exports** – Dict mapping names to functions/tables/globals/memories
- **mod\_name** – The name of the module these exports should fall under

#### stack

Stores numeric values, branch labels, and execution frames

#### store

Backing store for functions, memories, tables, and globals

`manticore.platforms.wasm.stub`(*arity*, *\_state*, *\*args*)

Default function used for hostfunc calls when a proper import wasn't provided

## 10.3 Executor

**class** `manticore.wasm.executor.Executor`(*\*args*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Contains execution semantics for all WASM instructions that don't involve control flow (and thus only need access to the store and the stack).

In lieu of annotating every single instruction with the relevant link to the docs, we direct you here: <https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#a7-index-of-instructions>

**check\_overflow**(*expression*) → bool

**check\_zero\_div**(*expression*) → bool

**current\_memory**(*store*, *stack*, *imm*: `manticore.wasm.types.CurGrowMemImm`)

**dispatch**(*inst*, *store*, *stack*)

Selects the correct semantics for the given instruction, and executes them

#### Parameters

- **inst** – the Instruction to execute
- **store** – the current Store
- **stack** – the current Stack

**Returns** the result of the semantic function, which is (probably) always None

**drop**(*store*, *stack*)

**f32\_abs**(*store*, *stack*)

**f32\_add**(*store*, *stack*)

**f32\_binary**(*store*, *stack*, *op*, *rettype*: `type = <class 'manticore.wasm.types.I32'>`)

**f32\_ceil**(*store*, *stack*)

**f32\_const**(*store*, *stack*, *imm*: `manticore.wasm.types.F32ConstImm`)

**f32\_convert\_s\_i32**(*store*, *stack*)

**f32\_convert\_s\_i64**(*store*, *stack*)

**f32\_convert\_u\_i32**(*store*, *stack*)

**f32\_convert\_u\_i64**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_copysign**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_demote\_f64**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_div**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_eq**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_floor**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_ge**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_gt**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_le**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_load**(*store, stack, imm:* [manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm](#))  
**f32\_lt**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_max**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_min**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_mul**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_ne**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_nearest**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_neg**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_reinterpret\_i32**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_sqrt**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_store**(*store, stack, imm:* [manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm](#))  
**f32\_sub**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_trunc**(*store, stack*)  
**f32\_unary**(*store, stack, op, rettype:* *type = <class 'manticore.wasm.types.I32'>*)  
**f64\_abs**(*store, stack*)  
**f64\_add**(*store, stack*)  
**f64\_binary**(*store, stack, op, rettype:* *type = <class 'manticore.wasm.types.I32'>*)  
**f64\_ceil**(*store, stack*)  
**f64\_const**(*store, stack, imm:* [manticore.wasm.types.F64ConstImm](#))  
**f64\_convert\_s\_i32**(*store, stack*)  
**f64\_convert\_s\_i64**(*store, stack*)  
**f64\_convert\_u\_i32**(*store, stack*)  
**f64\_convert\_u\_i64**(*store, stack*)  
**f64\_copysign**(*store, stack*)  
**f64\_div**(*store, stack*)  
**f64\_eq**(*store, stack*)  
**f64\_floor**(*store, stack*)

`f64_ge(store, stack)`  
`f64_gt(store, stack)`  
`f64_le(store, stack)`  
`f64_load(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`f64_lt(store, stack)`  
`f64_max(store, stack)`  
`f64_min(store, stack)`  
`f64_mul(store, stack)`  
`f64_ne(store, stack)`  
`f64_nearest(store, stack)`  
`f64_neg(store, stack)`  
`f64_promote_f32(store, stack)`  
`f64_reinterpret_i64(store, stack)`  
`f64_sqrt(store, stack)`  
`f64_store(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`f64_sub(store, stack)`  
`f64_trunc(store, stack)`  
`f64_unary(store, stack, op, rettype: type = <class 'manticore.wasm.types.F64'>)`  
`float_load(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm, ty: type)`  
`float_push_compare_return(stack, v, rettype=<class 'manticore.wasm.types.I32'>)`  
`float_store(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm, ty: type, n=None)`  
`get_global(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.GlobalVarXsImm)`  
`get_local(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.LocalVarXsImm)`  
`grow_memory(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.CurGrowMemImm)`  
`i32_add(store, stack)`  
`i32_and(store, stack)`  
`i32_clz(store, stack)`  
`i32_const(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.I32ConstImm)`  
`i32_ctz(store, stack)`  
`i32_div_s(store, stack)`  
`i32_div_u(store, stack)`  
`i32_eq(store, stack)`  
`i32_eqz(store, stack)`  
`i32_ge_s(store, stack)`  
`i32_ge_u(store, stack)`  
`i32_gt_s(store, stack)`

`i32_gt_u(store, stack)`  
`i32_le_s(store, stack)`  
`i32_le_u(store, stack)`  
`i32_load(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i32_load16_s(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i32_load16_u(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i32_load8_s(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i32_load8_u(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i32_lt_s(store, stack)`  
`i32_lt_u(store, stack)`  
`i32_mul(store, stack)`  
`i32_ne(store, stack)`  
`i32_or(store, stack)`  
`i32_popcnt(store, stack)`  
`i32_reinterpret_f32(store, stack)`  
`i32_rem_s(store, stack)`  
`i32_rem_u(store, stack)`  
`i32_rotl(store, stack)`  
`i32_rotr(store, stack)`  
`i32_shl(store, stack)`  
`i32_shr_s(store, stack)`  
`i32_shr_u(store, stack)`  
`i32_store(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i32_store16(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i32_store8(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i32_sub(store, stack)`  
`i32_trunc_s_f32(store, stack)`  
`i32_trunc_s_f64(store, stack)`  
`i32_trunc_u_f32(store, stack)`  
`i32_trunc_u_f64(store, stack)`  
`i32_wrap_i64(store, stack)`  
`i32_xor(store, stack)`  
`i64_add(store, stack)`  
`i64_and(store, stack)`  
`i64_clz(store, stack)`  
`i64_const(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.I64ConstImm)`

`i64_ctz(store, stack)`  
`i64_div_s(store, stack)`  
`i64_div_u(store, stack)`  
`i64_eq(store, stack)`  
`i64_eqz(store, stack)`  
`i64_extend_s_i32(store, stack)`  
`i64_extend_u_i32(store, stack)`  
`i64_ge_s(store, stack)`  
`i64_ge_u(store, stack)`  
`i64_gt_s(store, stack)`  
`i64_gt_u(store, stack)`  
`i64_le_s(store, stack)`  
`i64_le_u(store, stack)`  
`i64_load(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i64_load16_s(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i64_load16_u(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i64_load32_s(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i64_load32_u(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i64_load8_s(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i64_load8_u(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i64_lt_s(store, stack)`  
`i64_lt_u(store, stack)`  
`i64_mul(store, stack)`  
`i64_ne(store, stack)`  
`i64_or(store, stack)`  
`i64_popcnt(store, stack)`  
`i64_reinterpret_f64(store, stack)`  
`i64_rem_s(store, stack)`  
`i64_rem_u(store, stack)`  
`i64_rotl(store, stack)`  
`i64_rotr(store, stack)`  
`i64_shl(store, stack)`  
`i64_shr_s(store, stack)`  
`i64_shr_u(store, stack)`  
`i64_store(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`  
`i64_store16(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)`



```

i64_store32(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)
i64_store8(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm)
i64_sub(store, stack)
i64_trunc_s_f32(store, stack)
i64_trunc_s_f64(store, stack)
i64_trunc_u_f32(store, stack)
i64_trunc_u_f64(store, stack)
i64_xor(store, stack)
int_load(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm, ty: type, size: int, signed: bool)
int_store(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm, ty: type, n=None)
nop(store, stack)
select(store, stack)
set_global(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.GlobalVarXsImm)
set_local(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.LocalVarXsImm)
tee_local(store, stack, imm: manticore.wasm.types.LocalVarXsImm)
unreachable(store, stack)

manticore.wasm.executor.operator_ceil(a)
manticore.wasm.executor.operator_div(a, b)
manticore.wasm.executor.operator_floor(a)
manticore.wasm.executor.operator_max(a, b)
manticore.wasm.executor.operator_min(a, b)
manticore.wasm.executor.operator_nearest(a)
manticore.wasm.executor.operator_trunc(a)

```

## 10.4 Module Structure

```

class manticore.wasm.structure.Activation(arity, frame, expected_block_depth=0)
    Pushed onto the stack with each function invocation to keep track of the call stack
    https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#activations-and-frames%E2%91%A0
    arity: int
        The expected number of return values from the function call associated with the underlying frame
    expected_block_depth: int
        Internal helper used to track the expected block depth when we exit this label
    frame: manticore.wasm.structure.Frame
        The nested frame

class manticore.wasm.structure.Addr

```

```
class manticore.wasm.structure.AtomicStack(parent: manticore.wasm.structure.Stack)
```

Allows for the rolling-back of the stack in the event of a concretization exception. Inherits from Stack so that the types will be correct, but never calls *super*. Provides a context manager that will intercept Concretization Exceptions before raising them.

```
class PopItem(val: Union[manticore.wasm.types.I32, manticore.wasm.types.I64,  
                        manticore.wasm.types.F32, manticore.wasm.types.F64,  
                        manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec, manticore.wasm.structure.Label,  
                        manticore.wasm.structure.Activation])
```

```
val: Union[manticore.wasm.types.I32, manticore.wasm.types.I64,  
manticore.wasm.types.F32, manticore.wasm.types.F64,  
manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec, manticore.wasm.structure.Label,  
manticore.wasm.structure.Activation]
```

```
class PushItem
```

```
data: Deque[Union[manticore.wasm.types.I32, manticore.wasm.types.I64,  
manticore.wasm.types.F32, manticore.wasm.types.F64,  
manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec, manticore.wasm.structure.Label,  
manticore.wasm.structure.Activation]]
```

Underlying datastore for the “stack”

```
empty()
```

**Returns** True if the stack is empty, otherwise False

```
find_type(t: type)
```

**Parameters** **t** – The type to look for

**Returns** The depth of the first value of type t

```
get_frame() → manticore.wasm.structure.Activation
```

**Returns** the topmost frame (Activation) on the stack

```
get_nth(t: type, n: int)
```

**Parameters**

- **t** – type to look for
- **n** – number to look for

**Returns** the nth item of type t from the top of the stack, or None

```
has_at_least(t: type, n: int)
```

**Parameters**

- **t** – type to look for
- **n** – number to look for

**Returns** whether the stack contains at least n values of type t

```
has_type_on_top(t: Union[type, Tuple[type, ...]], n: int)
```

Asserts that the stack has at least n values of type t or type BitVec on the top

**Parameters**

- **t** – type of value to look for (BitVec is always included as an option)
- **n** – Number of values to check

**Returns** True**peek()****Returns** the item on top of the stack (without removing it)

**pop()** → Union[*manticore.wasm.types.I32*, *manticore.wasm.types.I64*, *manticore.wasm.types.F32*, *manticore.wasm.types.F64*, *manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec*, *manticore.wasm.structure.Label*, *manticore.wasm.structure.Activation*]

Pop a value from the stack

**Returns** the popped value

**push(val: Union[*manticore.wasm.types.I32*, *manticore.wasm.types.I64*, *manticore.wasm.types.F32*, *manticore.wasm.types.F64*, *manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec*, *manticore.wasm.structure.Label*, *manticore.wasm.structure.Activation*])** → None

Push a value to the stack

**Parameters** **val** – The value to push**Returns** None**rollback()**

**exception** *manticore.wasm.structure.ConcretizeCondition*(*message: str*, *condition: manticore.core.smtlib.expression.Bool*, *current\_advice: Optional[List[bool]]*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Tells Manticore to concretize a condition required to direct execution.

**class** *manticore.wasm.structure.Data*(*data: manticore.wasm.types.MemIdx*, *offset: List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction]*, *init: List[int]*)

Vector of bytes that initializes part of a memory

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#data-segments%E2%91%A0>

**data:** *manticore.wasm.types.MemIdx*

Which memory to put the data in. Currently only supports 0

**init:** List[int]

List of bytes to copy into the memory

**offset:** List[*manticore.wasm.types.Instruction*]

WASM instructions that calculate offset into the memory

**class** *manticore.wasm.structure.Elem*(*table: manticore.wasm.types.TableIdx*, *offset: List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction]*, *init: List[manticore.wasm.types.FuncIdx]*)

List of functions to initialize part of a table

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#element-segments%E2%91%A0>

**init:** List[*manticore.wasm.types.FuncIdx*]

list of function indices that get copied into the table

**offset:** List[*manticore.wasm.types.Instruction*]

WASM instructions that calculate an offset to add to the table index

**table:** `manticore.wasm.types.TableIdx`

Which table to initialize

```
class manticore.wasm.structure.Export(name: manticore.wasm.types.Name, desc:
                                     Union[manticore.wasm.types.FuncIdx,
                                     manticore.wasm.types.TableIdx, manticore.wasm.types.MemIdx,
                                     manticore.wasm.types.GlobalIdx])
```

Something the module exposes to the outside world once it's been instantiated

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#exports%E2%91%A0>

```
desc: Union[manticore.wasm.types.FuncIdx, manticore.wasm.types.TableIdx,
manticore.wasm.types.MemIdx, manticore.wasm.types.GlobalIdx]
```

Whether this is a function, table, memory, or global

**name:** `manticore.wasm.types.Name`

The name of the thing we're exporting

```
class manticore.wasm.structure.ExportInst(name: manticore.wasm.types.Name, value:
                                           Union[manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr,
                                           manticore.wasm.structure.TableAddr,
                                           manticore.wasm.structure.MemAddr,
                                           manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalAddr])
```

Runtime representation of any thing that can be exported

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#export-instances%E2%91%A0>

**name:** `manticore.wasm.types.Name`

The name to export under

```
value: Union[manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr, manticore.wasm.structure.TableAddr,
manticore.wasm.structure.MemAddr, manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalAddr]
```

FuncAddr, TableAddr, MemAddr, or GlobalAddr

```
class manticore.wasm.structure.Frame(locals: List[Union[manticore.wasm.types.I32,
manticore.wasm.types.I64, manticore.wasm.types.F32,
manticore.wasm.types.F64,
manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]], module:
manticore.wasm.structure.ModuleInstance)
```

Holds more call data, nested inside an activation (for reasons I don't understand)

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#activations-and-frames%E2%91%A0>

```
locals: List[Union[manticore.wasm.types.I32, manticore.wasm.types.I64,
manticore.wasm.types.F32, manticore.wasm.types.F64,
manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]]
```

The values of the local variables for this function call

**module:** `manticore.wasm.structure.ModuleInstance`

A reference to the parent module instance in which the function call was made

```
class manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr
```

```
class manticore.wasm.structure.FuncInst(type: manticore.wasm.types.FunctionType, module:
manticore.wasm.structure.ModuleInstance, code:
manticore.wasm.structure.Function)
```

Instance type for WASM functions

**code:** `manticore.wasm.structure.Function`

**module:** `manticore.wasm.structure.ModuleInstance`

```
class manticomre.wasm.structure.Function(type: manticomre.wasm.types.TypeIdx, locals: List[type], body:
                                         List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction])
```

A WASM Function

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#functions%E2%91%A0>

```
allocate(store: manticomre.wasm.structure.Store, module: manticomre.wasm.structure.ModuleInstance) →
          manticomre.wasm.structure.FuncAddr
```

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#functions%E2%91%A5>

#### Parameters

- **store** – Destination Store that we'll insert this Function into after allocation
- **module** – The module containing the type referenced by self.type

**Returns** The address of this within *store*

```
body: List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction]
```

Sequence of WASM instructions, should leave the appropriate type on the stack

```
locals: List[type]
```

Vector of mutable local variables (and their types)

```
type: manticomre.wasm.types.TypeIdx
```

The index of a type defined in the module that corresponds to this function's type signature

```
class manticomre.wasm.structure.Global(type: manticomre.wasm.types.GlobalType, init:
                                         List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction])
```

A global variable of a given type

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#globals%E2%91%A0>

```
allocate(store: manticomre.wasm.structure.Store, val: Union[manticore.wasm.types.I32,
                  manticomre.wasm.types.I64, manticomre.wasm.types.F32, manticomre.wasm.types.F64,
                  manticomre.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]) → manticomre.wasm.structure.GlobalAddr
```

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#globals%E2%91%A5>

#### Parameters

- **store** – Destination Store that we'll insert this Global into after allocation
- **val** – The initial value of the new global

**Returns** The address of this within *store*

```
init: List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction]
```

A (constant) sequence of WASM instructions that calculates the value for the global

```
type: manticomre.wasm.types.GlobalType
```

The type of the variable

```
class manticomre.wasm.structure.GlobalAddr
```

```
class manticomre.wasm.structure.GlobalInst(value: Union[manticore.wasm.types.I32,
                  manticomre.wasm.types.I64, manticomre.wasm.types.F32,
                  manticomre.wasm.types.F64,
                  manticomre.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec], mut: bool)
```

Instance of a global variable. Stores the value (calculated from evaluating a Global.init) and the mutable flag (taken from GlobalType.mut)

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#global-instances%E2%91%A0>

```
mut: bool
```

Whether the global can be modified

```
value: Union[manticore.wasm.types.I32, manticore.wasm.types.I64,  
manticore.wasm.types.F32, manticore.wasm.types.F64,  
manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]
```

The actual value of this global

```
class manticore.wasm.structure.HostFunc(type: manticore.wasm.types.FunctionType, hostcode: function)  
Instance type for native functions that have been provided via import
```

```
allocate(store: manticore.wasm.structure.Store, functype: manticore.wasm.types.FunctionType, host_func:  
function) → manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr
```

Currently not needed.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#host-functions%E2%91%A2>

```
hostcode: function
```

the native function. Should accept ConstraintSet as the first argument

```
class manticore.wasm.structure.Import(module: manticore.wasm.types.Name, name:  
manticore.wasm.types.Name, desc:  
Union[manticore.wasm.types.TypeIdx,  
manticore.wasm.types.TableType,  
manticore.wasm.types.LimitType,  
manticore.wasm.types.GlobalType])
```

Something imported from another module (or the environment) that we need to instantiate a module

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#imports%E2%91%A0>

```
desc: Union[manticore.wasm.types.TypeIdx, manticore.wasm.types.TableType,  
manticore.wasm.types.LimitType, manticore.wasm.types.GlobalType]
```

Specifies whether this is a function, table, memory, or global

```
module: manticore.wasm.types.Name
```

The name of the module we're importing from

```
name: manticore.wasm.types.Name
```

The name of the thing we're importing

```
class manticore.wasm.structure.Label(arity: int, instr: List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction])
```

A branch label that can be pushed onto the stack and then jumped to

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#labels%E2%91%A0>

```
arity: int
```

the number of values this branch expects to read from the stack

```
instr: List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction]
```

The sequence of instructions to execute if we branch to this label

```
class manticore.wasm.structure.MemAddr
```

```
class manticore.wasm.structure.MemInst(starting_data, max=None, *args, **kwargs)
```

Runtime representation of a memory. As with tables, if you're dealing with a memory at runtime, it's probably a MemInst. Currently doesn't support any sort of symbolic indexing, although you can read and write symbolic bytes using smtlib. There's a minor quirk where uninitialized data is stored as bytes, but smtlib tries to convert concrete data into ints. That can cause problems if you try to read from the memory directly (without using smtlib) but shouldn't break any of the built-in WASM instruction implementations.

Memory in WASM is broken up into 65536-byte pages. All pages behave the same way, but note that operations that deal with memory size do so in terms of pages, not bytes.

TODO: We should implement some kind of symbolic memory model

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#memory-instances%E2%91%A0>

**dump()**

**grow**(*n: int*) → bool

Adds *n* blank pages to the current memory

See: <https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#grow-mem>

**Parameters** *n* – The number of pages to attempt to add

**Returns** True if the operation succeeded, otherwise False

**max:** Optional[[manticore.wasm.types.U32](#)]

Optional maximum number of pages the memory can contain

**property npages**

**read\_bytes**(*base: int, size: int*) → List[Union[int, bytes]]

Reads bytes from memory

**Parameters**

- **base** – Address to read from
- **size** – number of bytes to read

**Returns** List of bytes

**read\_int**(*base: int, size: int = 32*) → int

Reads bytes from memory and combines them into an int

**Parameters**

- **base** – Address to read the int from
- **size** – Size of the int (in bits)

**Returns** The int in question

**write\_bytes**(*base: int, data: Union[str, Sequence[int], Sequence[bytes]]*)

Writes a stream of bytes into memory

**Parameters**

- **base** – Index to start writing at
- **data** – Data to write

**write\_int**(*base: int, expression: Union[manticore.core.smtlib.expression.Expression, int], size: int = 32*)

Writes an integer into memory.

**Parameters**

- **base** – Index to write at
- **expression** – integer to write
- **size** – Optional size of the integer

**class** `manticore.wasm.structure.Memory`(*type: manticore.wasm.types.LimitType*)

Big chunk o' raw bytes

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#memories%E2%91%A0>

**allocate**(*store: manticore.wasm.structure.Store*) → *manticore.wasm.structure.MemAddr*

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#memories%E2%91%A5>

**Parameters** *store* – Destination Store that we'll insert this Memory into after allocation

**Returns** The address of this within *store*

**type:** `manticore.wasm.types.LimitType`

secretly a `LimitType` that specifies how big or small the memory can be

**class** `manticore.wasm.structure.Module`

Internal representation of a WASM Module

**data:** `List[manticore.wasm.structure.Data]`

**elem:** `List[manticore.wasm.structure.Elem]`

**exports:** `List[manticore.wasm.structure.Export]`

**funcs:** `List[manticore.wasm.structure.Function]`

**function\_names:** `Dict[manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr, str]`

**get\_funcnames()** `→ List[manticore.wasm.types.Name]`

**globals:** `List[manticore.wasm.structure.Global]`

**imports:** `List[manticore.wasm.structure.Import]`

**classmethod** `load(filename: str)`

Converts a WASM module in binary format into Python types that Manticore can understand

**Parameters** `filename` – name of the WASM module

**Returns** `Module`

**local\_names:** `Dict[manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr, Dict[int, str]]`

**mems:** `List[manticore.wasm.structure.Memory]`

**start:** `Optional[manticore.wasm.types.FuncIdx]`

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#start-function%E2%91%A0>

**tables:** `List[manticore.wasm.structure.Table]`

**types:** `List[manticore.wasm.types.FunctionType]`

**class** `manticore.wasm.structure.ModuleInstance(constraints=None)`

Runtime instance of a module. Stores function types, list of addresses within the store, and exports. In this implementation, it's also responsible for managing the instruction queue and executing control-flow instructions.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#module-instances%E2%91%A0>

**allocate**(`store: manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, `module: manticore.wasm.structure.Module`, `extern_vals:`

`List[Union[manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr, manticore.wasm.structure.TableAddr,`

`manticore.wasm.structure.MemAddr, manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalAddr]]`, `values:`

`List[Union[manticore.wasm.types.I32, manticore.wasm.types.I64, manticore.wasm.types.F32,`

`manticore.wasm.types.F64, manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]]`)

Inserts imports into the store, then creates and inserts function instances, table instances, memory instances, global instances, and export instances.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#allocation%E2%91%A0> <https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#modules%E2%91%A6>

**Parameters**

- **store** – The Store to put all of the allocated subcomponents in
- **module** – The Module containing all the items to allocate
- **extern\_vals** – Imported values
- **values** – precalculated global values



**block**(*store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Stack`, *ret\_type*: `List[type]`, *insts*: `List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction]`)

Execute a block of instructions. Creates a label with an empty continuation and the proper arity, then enters the block of instructions with that label.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#exec-block>

#### Parameters

- **ret\_type** – List of expected return types for this block. Really only need the arity
- **insts** – Instructions to execute

**br**(*store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.AtomicStack`, *label\_depth*: `int`)  
Branch to the *label\_depth*th label deep on the stack

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#exec-br>

**br\_if**(*store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.AtomicStack`, *imm*: `manticore.wasm.types.BranchImm`)

Perform a branch if the value on top of the stack is nonzero

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#exec-br-if>

**br\_table**(*store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.AtomicStack`, *imm*: `manticore.wasm.types.BranchTableImm`)

Branch to the *n*th label deep on the stack where *n* is found by looking up a value in a table given by the immediate, indexed by the value on top of the stack.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#exec-br-table>

**call**(*store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.AtomicStack`, *imm*: `manticore.wasm.types.CallImm`)

Invoke the function at the address in the store given by the immediate.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#exec-call>

**call\_indirect**(*store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.AtomicStack`, *imm*: `manticore.wasm.types.CallIndirectImm`)

A function call, but with extra steps. Specifically, you find the index of the function to call by looking in the table at the index given by the immediate.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#exec-call-indirect>

**else\_**(*store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.AtomicStack`)

Marks the end of the first block of an if statement. Typically, *if* blocks look like: *if* <instructions> *else* <instructions> *end*. That's not always the case. See: <https://webassembly.github.io/spec/core/text/instructions.html#abbreviations>

**end**(*store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.AtomicStack`)

Marks the end of an instruction block or function

**enter\_block**(*insts*, *label*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Label`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Stack`)

Push the instructions for the next block to the queue and bump the block depth number

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#exec-instr-seq-enter>

#### Parameters

- **insts** – Instructions for this block
- **label** – Label referencing the continuation of this block
- **stack** – The execution stack (where we push the label)

**exec\_expression**(*store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Stack`, *expr*: `List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction]`)

Pushes the given expression to the stack, calls `exec_instruction` until there are no more instructions to exec, then returns the top value on the stack. Used during initialization to calculate global values, memory offsets, element offsets, etc.

**Parameters** **expr** – The expression to execute

**Returns** The result of the expression

**exec\_instruction**(*store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Stack`, *advice*: `Optional[List[bool]] = None`, *current\_state*=`None`) → `bool`

The core instruction execution function. Pops an instruction from the queue, then dispatches it to the Executor if it's a numeric instruction, or executes it internally if it's a control-flow instruction.

**Parameters** **store** – The execution Store to use, passed in from the parent WASMWorld. This is passed to almost all

instruction implementations, but for brevity's sake, it's only explicitly documented here.

**Parameters** **stack** – The execution Stack to use, likewise passed in from the parent WASMWorld and only documented here,

despite being passed to all the instruction implementations.

**Parameters** **advice** – A list of concretized conditions to advice execution of the instruction.

**Returns** True if execution succeeded, False if there are no more instructions to execute

**executor**: `manticore.wasm.executor.Executor`

Contains instruction implementations for all non-control-flow instructions

**exit\_block**(*stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Stack`)

Cleans up after execution of a code block.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#exiting-hrefsyntax-instrmathitinstrast-with-label-l>

**exit\_function**(*stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.AtomicStack`)

Discards the current frame, allowing execution to return to the point after the call

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#returning-from-a-function%E2%91%A0>

**export\_map**: `Dict[str, int]`

Maps the names of exports to their index in the list of exports

**exports**: `List[manticore.wasm.structure.ExportInst]`

Stores records of everything exported by this module

**extract\_block**(*partial\_list*: `Deque[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction]`) → `Deque[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction]`

Recursively extracts blocks from a list of instructions, similar to `self.look_forward`. The primary difference is that this version takes a list of instructions to operate over, instead of popping instructions from the instruction queue.

**Parameters** **partial\_list** – List of instructions to extract the block from

**Returns** The extracted block

**funcaddrs:** List[manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr]

Stores the *indices* of functions within the store

**function\_names:** Dict[manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr, str]

Stores names of store functions, if available

**get\_export**(name: str, store: manticore.wasm.structure.Store) →  
Union[manticore.wasm.structure.ProtoFuncInst, manticore.wasm.structure.TableInst,  
manticore.wasm.structure.MemInst, manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalInst, Callable]

Retrieves a value exported by this module instance from store

#### Parameters

- **name** – The name of the exported value to get
- **store** – The current execution store (where the export values live)

**Returns** The value of the export

**get\_export\_address**(name: str) → Union[manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr,  
manticore.wasm.structure.TableAddr, manticore.wasm.structure.MemAddr,  
manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalAddr]

Retrieves the address of a value exported by this module within the store

**Parameters** **name** – The name of the exported value to get

**Returns** The address of the desired export

**globaladdrs:** List[manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalAddr]

Stores the indices of globals

**if\_**(store: manticore.wasm.structure.Store, stack: manticore.wasm.structure.AtomicStack, ret\_type:  
List[type])

Brackets two nested sequences of instructions. If the value on top of the stack is nonzero, enter the first block. If not, enter the second.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#exec-if>

**instantiate**(store: manticore.wasm.structure.Store, module: manticore.wasm.structure.Module,  
extern\_vals: List[Union[manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr,  
manticore.wasm.structure.TableAddr, manticore.wasm.structure.MemAddr,  
manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalAddr]], exec\_start: bool = False)

Type checks the module, evaluates globals, performs allocation, and puts the element and data sections into their proper places. Optionally calls the start function `_outside_` of a symbolic context if `exec_start` is true.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#instantiation%E2%91%A1>

#### Parameters

- **store** – The store to place the allocated contents in
- **module** – The WASM Module to instantiate in this instance
- **extern\_vals** – Imports needed to instantiate the module
- **exec\_start** – whether or not to execute the start section (if present)

**instantiated:** bool

Prevents the user from invoking functions before instantiation

**invoke**(*stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Stack`, *funcaddr*: `manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr`, *store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *argv*: `List[Union[manticore.wasm.types.I32, manticore.wasm.types.I64, manticore.wasm.types.F32, manticore.wasm.types.F64, manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec]]`)

Invocation wrapper. Checks the function type, pushes the args to the stack, and calls `_invoke_inner`. Unclear why the spec separates the two procedures, but I've tried to implement it as close to verbatim as possible.

Note that this doesn't actually `_run_` any code. It just sets up the instruction queue so that when you call `exec_instruction`, it'll actually have instructions to execute.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#invocation%E2%91%A1>

#### Parameters

- **funcaddr** – Address (in Store) of the function to call
- **argv** – Arguments to pass to the function. Can be BitVecs or Values

**invoke\_by\_name**(*name*: `str`, *stack*, *store*, *argv*)

Iterates over the exports, attempts to find the function specified by *name*. Calls *invoke* with its `FuncAddr`, passing *argv*

#### Parameters

- **name** – Name of the function to look for
- **argv** – Arguments to pass to the function. Can be BitVecs or Values

**local\_names**: `Dict[manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr, Dict[int, str]]`

Stores names of local variables, if available

**look\_forward**(\**opcodes*) → `List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction]`

Pops contents of the instruction queue until it finds an instruction with an opcode in the argument *\*opcodes*. Used to find the end of a code block in the flat instruction queue. For this reason, it calls itself recursively (looking for the *end* instruction) if it encounters a *block*, *loop*, or *if* instruction.

**Parameters** *opcodes* – Tuple of instruction opcodes to look for

**Returns** The list of instructions popped before encountering the target instruction.

**loop**(*store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.AtomicStack`, *loop\_inst*)

Enter a loop block. Creates a label with a copy of the loop as a continuation, then enters the loop instructions with that label.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#exec-loop>

**Parameters** *loop\_inst* – The current instruction

**memaddrs**: `List[manticore.wasm.structure.MemAddr]`

Stores the indices of memories (at time of writing, WASM only allows one memory)

**push\_instructions**(*insts*: `List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction]`)

Pushes instructions into the instruction queue. :param insts: Instructions to push

**reset\_internal**()

Empties the instruction queue and clears the block depths

**return\_**(*store*: `manticore.wasm.structure.Store`, *stack*: `manticore.wasm.structure.AtomicStack`)

Return from the function (ie branch to the outermost block)

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#exec-return>

**tableaddrs**: `List[manticore.wasm.structure.TableAddr]`

Stores the indices of tables

**types:** List[manticore.wasm.types.FunctionType]

Stores the type signatures of all the functions

manticore.wasm.structure.PAGESIZE = 65536

Size of a standard WASM memory page

**class** manticore.wasm.structure.ProtoFuncInst(*type*: manticore.wasm.types.FunctionType)

Groups FuncInst and HostFuncInst into the same category

**type:** manticore.wasm.types.FunctionType

The type signature of this function

**class** manticore.wasm.structure.Stack(*init\_data*=None)

Stores the execution stack & provides helper methods

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#stack%E2%91%A0>

**data:** Deque[Union[manticore.wasm.types.I32, manticore.wasm.types.I64, manticore.wasm.types.F32, manticore.wasm.types.F64, manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec, manticore.wasm.structure.Label, manticore.wasm.structure.Activation]]

Underlying datastore for the “stack”

**empty()** → bool

**Returns** True if the stack is empty, otherwise False

**find\_type**(*t*: type) → Optional[int]

**Parameters** **t** – The type to look for

**Returns** The depth of the first value of type *t*

**get\_frame()** → manticore.wasm.structure.Activation

**Returns** the topmost frame (Activation) on the stack

**get\_nth**(*t*: type, *n*: int) → Optional[Union[manticore.wasm.types.I32, manticore.wasm.types.I64, manticore.wasm.types.F32, manticore.wasm.types.F64, manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec, manticore.wasm.structure.Label, manticore.wasm.structure.Activation]]

**Parameters**

- **t** – type to look for
- **n** – number to look for

**Returns** the *n*th item of type *t* from the top of the stack, or None

**has\_at\_least**(*t*: type, *n*: int) → bool

**Parameters**

- **t** – type to look for
- **n** – number to look for

**Returns** whether the stack contains at least *n* values of type *t*

**has\_type\_on\_top**(*t*: Union[type, Tuple[type, ...]], *n*: int)

Asserts that the stack has at least *n* values of type *t* or type BitVec on the top

**Parameters**

- **t** – type of value to look for (BitVec is always included as an option)
- **n** – Number of values to check

**Returns** True

**peek()** → Optional[Union[*manticore.wasm.types.I32*, *manticore.wasm.types.I64*, *manticore.wasm.types.F32*, *manticore.wasm.types.F64*, *manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec*, *manticore.wasm.structure.Label*, *manticore.wasm.structure.Activation*]]

**Returns** the item on top of the stack (without removing it)

**pop()** → Union[*manticore.wasm.types.I32*, *manticore.wasm.types.I64*, *manticore.wasm.types.F32*, *manticore.wasm.types.F64*, *manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec*, *manticore.wasm.structure.Label*, *manticore.wasm.structure.Activation*]

Pop a value from the stack

**Returns** the popped value

**push(val: Union[*manticore.wasm.types.I32*, *manticore.wasm.types.I64*, *manticore.wasm.types.F32*, *manticore.wasm.types.F64*, *manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec*, *manticore.wasm.structure.Label*, *manticore.wasm.structure.Activation*])** → None

Push a value to the stack

**Parameters** **val** – The value to push**Returns** None**class** *manticore.wasm.structure.Store*

Implementation of the WASM store. Nothing fancy here, just collects lists of functions, tables, memories, and globals. Because the store is not atomic, instructions SHOULD NOT make changes to the Store or any of its contents (including memories and global variables) before raising a Concretize exception.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#store%E2%91%A0>

**funcs:** List[*manticore.wasm.structure.ProtoFuncInst*]

**globals:** List[*manticore.wasm.structure.GlobalInst*]

**mems:** List[*manticore.wasm.structure.MemInst*]

**tables:** List[*manticore.wasm.structure.TableInst*]

**class** *manticore.wasm.structure.Table*(*type: manticore.wasm.types.TableType*)

Vector of opaque values of type self.type

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#tables%E2%91%A0>

**allocate(store: *manticore.wasm.structure.Store*)** → *manticore.wasm.structure.TableAddr*

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#tables%E2%91%A5>

**Parameters** **store** – Destination Store that we'll insert this Table into after allocation**Returns** The address of this within *store*

**type:** *manticore.wasm.types.TableType*

union of a limit and a type (currently only supports funcref)s

**class** *manticore.wasm.structure.TableAddr*

```
class manticore.wasm.structure.TableInst(elem: List[Optional[manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr]],
                                         max: Optional[manticore.wasm.types.U32])
```

Runtime representation of a table. Remember that the Table type stores the type of the data contained in the table and basically nothing else, so if you're dealing with a table at runtime, it's probably a TableInst. The WASM spec has a lot of similar-sounding names for different versions of one thing.

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#table-instances%E2%91%A0>

```
elem: List[Optional[manticore.wasm.structure.FuncAddr]]
```

A list of FuncAddrs (any of which can be None) that point to funcs in the Store

```
max: Optional[manticore.wasm.types.U32]
```

Optional maximum size of the table

```
manticore.wasm.structure.strip_quotes(rough_name: str) → manticore.wasm.types.Name
```

For some reason, the parser returns the function names with quotes around them

**Parameters** `rough_name` –

**Returns**

## 10.5 Types

```
class manticore.wasm.types.BlockImm(sig: int)
```

```
sig: int
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.BranchImm(relative_depth: manticore.wasm.types.U32)
```

```
relative_depth: manticore.wasm.types.U32
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.BranchTableImm(target_count: manticore.wasm.types.U32, target_table:
                                         List[manticore.wasm.types.U32], default_target:
                                         manticore.wasm.types.U32)
```

```
default_target: manticore.wasm.types.U32
```

```
target_count: manticore.wasm.types.U32
```

```
target_table: List[manticore.wasm.types.U32]
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.CallImm(function_index: manticore.wasm.types.U32)
```

```
function_index: manticore.wasm.types.U32
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.CallIndirectImm(type_index: manticore.wasm.types.U32, reserved:
                                         manticore.wasm.types.U32)
```

```
reserved: manticore.wasm.types.U32
```

```
type_index: manticore.wasm.types.U32
```

```
exception manticore.wasm.types.ConcretizeStack(depth: int, ty: type, message: str, expression,
                                              policy=None, **kwargs)
```

Tells Manticore to concretize the value `depth` values from the end of the stack.

```
class manticore.wasm.types.CurGrowMemImm(reserved: bool)
```

```
    reserved: bool
```

```
manticore.wasm.types.ExternType
```

```
    https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#external-types%E2%91%A0
```

```
    alias of Union[manticore.wasm.types.FunctionType, manticore.wasm.types.TableType,
manticore.wasm.types.LimitType, manticore.wasm.types.GlobalType]
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.F32(val)
```

```
    Subclass of float that's restricted to 32-bit values
```

```
    classmethod cast(other)
```

```
        Parameters other – Value to convert to F32
```

```
        Returns If other is symbolic, other. Otherwise, F32(other)
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.F32ConstImm(value: manticore.wasm.types.F32)
```

```
    value: manticore.wasm.types.F32
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.F64(val)
```

```
    Subclass of float that's restricted to 64-bit values
```

```
    classmethod cast(other)
```

```
        Parameters other – Value to convert to F64
```

```
        Returns If other is symbolic, other. Otherwise, F64(other)
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.F64ConstImm(value: manticore.wasm.types.F64)
```

```
    value: manticore.wasm.types.F64
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.FuncIdx
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.FunctionType(param_types: List[type], result_types: List[type])
```

```
    https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#syntax-functype
```

```
    param_types: List[type]
```

```
        Sequential types of each of the parameters
```

```
    result_types: List[type]
```

```
        Sequential types of each of the return values
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.GlobalIdx
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.GlobalType(mut: bool, value: type)
```

```
    https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#syntax-globaltype
```

```
    mut: bool
```

```
        Whether or not this global is mutable
```

```
    value: type
```

```
        The value of the global
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.GlobalVarXsImm(global_index: manticore.wasm.types.U32)
```



**global\_index:** `manticore.wasm.types.U32`

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.I32(val)`

Subclass of int that's restricted to 32-bit values

**classmethod** `cast(other)`

**Parameters** `other` – Value to convert to I32

**Returns** If other is symbolic, other. Otherwise, I32(other)

**static** `to_unsigned(val)`

Reinterprets the argument from a signed integer to an unsigned 32-bit integer

**Parameters** `val` – Signed integer to reinterpret

**Returns** The unsigned equivalent

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.I32ConstImm(value: manticore.wasm.types.I32)`

**value:** `manticore.wasm.types.I32`

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.I64(val)`

Subclass of int that's restricted to 64-bit values

**classmethod** `cast(other)`

**Parameters** `other` – Value to convert to I64

**Returns** If other is symbolic, other. Otherwise, I64(other)

**static** `to_unsigned(val)`

Reinterprets the argument from a signed integer to an unsigned 64-bit integer

**Parameters** `val` – Signed integer to reinterpret

**Returns** The unsigned equivalent

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.I64ConstImm(value: manticore.wasm.types.I64)`

**value:** `manticore.wasm.types.I64`

**manticore.wasm.types.ImmType**

Types of all immediates

alias of Union[`manticore.wasm.types.BlockImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.BranchImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.BranchTableImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.CallImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.CallIndirectImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.LocalVarXsImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.GlobalVarXsImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.CurGrowMemImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.I32ConstImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.F32ConstImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.F64ConstImm`]

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.Instruction(inst: wasm.decode.Instruction, imm=None)`

Internal instruction class that's pickle-friendly and works with the type system

**imm:** Union[`manticore.wasm.types.BlockImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.BranchImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.BranchTableImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.CallImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.CallIndirectImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.LocalVarXsImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.GlobalVarXsImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.CurGrowMemImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.I32ConstImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.F32ConstImm`, `manticore.wasm.types.F64ConstImm`]

A class with the immediate data for this instruction

**mnemonic:** `str`

Used for debugging

**opcode:** `int`

Opcode, used for dispatching instructions

**exception** `manticore.wasm.types.InvalidConversionTrap`(*ty, val*)

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.LabelIdx`

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.LimitType`(*min:* `manticore.wasm.types.U32`, *max:*  
*Optional*[`manticore.wasm.types.U32`])

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#syntax-limits>

**max:** *Optional*[`manticore.wasm.types.U32`]

**min:** `manticore.wasm.types.U32`

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.LocalIdx`

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.LocalVarXsImm`(*local\_index:* `manticore.wasm.types.U32`)

**local\_index:** `manticore.wasm.types.U32`

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.MemIdx`

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.MemoryImm`(*flags:* `manticore.wasm.types.U32`, *offset:*  
`manticore.wasm.types.U32`)

**flags:** `manticore.wasm.types.U32`

**offset:** `manticore.wasm.types.U32`

`manticore.wasm.types.MemoryType`

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#syntax-memtype>

**exception** `manticore.wasm.types.MissingExportException`(*name*)

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.Name`

**exception** `manticore.wasm.types.NonExistentFunctionCallTrap`

**exception** `manticore.wasm.types.OutOfBoundsMemoryTrap`(*addr*)

**exception** `manticore.wasm.types.OverflowDivisionTrap`

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.TableIdx`

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.TableType`(*limits:* `manticore.wasm.types.LimitType`, *elemtype:* *type*)  
<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#syntax-tabletype>

**elemtype:** *type*

the type of the element. Currently, the only element type is *funcref*

**limits:** `manticore.wasm.types.LimitType`

Minimum and maximum size of the table

**exception** `manticore.wasm.types.Trap`

Subclass of Exception, used for WASM errors

**class** `manticore.wasm.types.TypeIdx`

**exception** `manticore.wasm.types.TypeMismatchTrap`(*ty1, ty2*)

```
class manticore.wasm.types.U32
```

```
class manticore.wasm.types.U64
```

```
exception manticore.wasm.types.UnreachableInstructionTrap
```

```
manticore.wasm.types.ValType
```

alias of type

```
manticore.wasm.types.Value
```

<https://www.w3.org/TR/wasm-core-1/#syntax-val>

alias of Union[*manticore.wasm.types.I32*, *manticore.wasm.types.I64*, *manticore.wasm.types.F32*, *manticore.wasm.types.F64*, *manticore.core.smtlib.expression.BitVec*]

```
exception manticore.wasm.types.ZeroDivisionTrap
```

```
manticore.wasm.types.convert_instructions(inst_seq) → List[manticore.wasm.types.Instruction]
```

Converts instructions output from the parser into full-fledged Python objects that will work with Manticore. This is necessary because the *pywasm* module uses lots of reflection to generate structures on the fly, which doesn't play nicely with *Pickle* or the type system. That's why we need the *debug* method above to print out immediates, and also why we've created a separate class for every different type of immediate.

**Parameters** *inst\_seq* – Sequence of raw instructions to process

**Returns** The properly-typed instruction sequence in a format Manticore can use

```
manticore.wasm.types.debug(imm)
```

Attempts to pull meaningful data out of an immediate, which has a dynamic *GeneratedStructure* type

**Parameters** *imm* – the instruction immediate

**Returns** a printable representation of the immediate, or the immediate itself



## 11.1 Core

`will_fork_state_callback(self, state, expression, solutions, policy)`  
`did_fork_state_callback(self, new_state, expression, new_value, policy)`  
`will_load_state_callback(self, state_id)`  
`did_load_state_callback(self, state, state_id)`  
`will_run_callback(self, ready_states)`  
`did_run_callback(self)`

## 11.2 Worker

`will_start_worker_callback(self, workerid)`  
`will_terminate_state_callback(self, current_state, exception)`  
`did_terminate_state_callback(self, current_state, exception)`  
`will_kill_state_callback(self, current_state, exception)`  
`did_sill_state_callback(self, current_state, exception)`  
`did_terminate_worker_callback(self, workerid)`

## 11.3 EVM

`will_decode_instruction_callback(self, pc)`  
`will_evm_execute_instruction_callback(self, instruction, args)`  
`did_evm_execute_instruction_callback(self, last_unstruction, last_arguments, result)`  
`did_evm_read_memory_callback(self, offset, operators)`  
`did_evm_write_memory_callback(self, offset, operators)`  
`on_symbolic_sha3_callback(self, data, know_sha3)`  
`on_concreate_sha3_callback(self, data, value)`  
`did_evm_read_code_callback(self, code_offset, size)`

```
will_evm_read_storage_callback(self, storage_address, offset)
did_evm_read_storage_callback(self, storage_address, offset, value)
will_evm_write_storage_callback(self, storage_address, offset, value)
did_evm_write_storage_callback(self, storage_address, offset, value)
will_open_transaction_callback(self, tx)
did_open_transaction_callback(self, tx)
will_close_transaction_callback(self, tx)
did_close_transaction_callback(self, tx)
```

## 11.4 memory

```
will_map_memory_callback(self, addr, size, perms, filename, offset)
did_map_memory_callback(self, addr, size, perms, filename, offset,
addr) # little confused on this one
will_map_memory_callback(self, addr, size, perms, None, None)
did_map_memory_callback(self, addr, size, perms, None, None, addr)
will_unmap_memory_callback(self, start, size)
did_unmap_memory_callback(self, start, size)
will_protect_memory_callback(self, start, size, perms)
did_protect_memory_callback(self, addr, size, perms, filename, offset)
```

## 11.5 abstractcpu

```
will_execute_syscall_callback(self, model)
did_execute_syscall_callback(self, func_name, args, ret)
will_write_register_callback(self, register, value)
did_write_register_callback(self, register, value)
will_read_register_callback(self, register)
did_read_register_callback(self, register, value)
will_write_memory_callback(self, where, expression, size)
did_write_memory_callback(self, where, expression, size)
will_read_memory_callback(self, where, size)
did_read_memory_callback(self, where, size)
did_write_memory_callback(self, where, data, num_bits) # iffy
will_decode_instruction_callback(self, pc)
will_execute_instruction_callback(self, pc, insn)
did_execute_instruction_callback(self, last_pc, pc, insn)
```

## 11.6 x86

**will\_set\_descriptor\_callback**(*self, selector, base, limit, perms*)

**did\_set\_descriptor\_callback**(*self, selector, base, limit, perms*)





## GOTCHAS

Manticore has a number of “gotchas”: quirks or little things you need to do in a certain way otherwise you’ll have crashes and other unexpected results.

### 12.1 Mutable context entries

Something like `m.context['flag'].append('a')` inside a hook will not work. You need to (unfortunately, for now) do `m.context['flag'] += ['a']`. This is related to Manticore’s built in support for parallel analysis and use of the *multiprocessing* library. This gotcha is specifically related to this note from the Python [documentation](#) :

“Note: Modifications to mutable values or items in dict and list proxies will not be propagated through the manager, because the proxy has no way of knowing when its values or items are modified. To modify such an item, you can re-assign the modified object to the container proxy”

### 12.2 Context locking

Manticore natively supports parallel analysis; if this is activated, client code should always be careful to properly lock the global context when accessing it.

An example of a global context race condition, when modifying two context entries.:

```
m.context['flag1'] += ['a']  
--- interrupted by other worker  
m.context['flag2'] += ['b']
```

Client code should use the `locked_context()` API:

```
with m.locked_context() as global_context:  
    global_context['flag1'] += ['a']  
    global_context['flag2'] += ['b']
```

## 12.3 “Random” Policy

The *random* policy, which is the Manticore default, is not actually random and is instead deterministically seeded. This means that running the same analysis twice should return the same results (and get stuck in the same places).

## 13.1 Logging

`manticore.utils.log.set_verbosity(setting: int) → None`  
Set the global verbosity (0-5).



## INDICES AND TABLES

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